# Английский язык для школьников и поступанощих в ВУЗы

ПИСЬМЕННЫЙ ЭКЗАМЕН

Тесты

Цветкова И. В. Клепальченко И. А.

Мылыдева Н. А.

ГЛОССА 2004

C O T S C T C M N

# АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК ДЛЯШКОЛЬНИКОВИ ПОСТУПАЮЩИХ В ВУЗЫ

#### ПИСЬМЕННЫЙ ЭКЗАМЕН

ИЗДАНИЕ ЧЕТВЕРТОЕ, ДОПОЛНЕННОЕ И ПЕРЕРАБОТАННОЕ

Авторы и составители:

Цветкова И. В., Клепальченко И.А., Мыльцева Н.А.

МОСКВА ГЛОССА-ПРЕСС 2004 Цветкова Ирина Всеволодовна, доцент, кандидат филологических наук Клепальченко Игорь Алексеевич, доцент, кандидат филологических наук Мыльцева Нина Александровна, доцент, кандидат филологических наук

LAR UWOLL

# АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК ДЛЯ ШКОЛЬНИКОВ И ПОСТУПАЮЩИХ В ВУЗЫ Письменный экзамен

Издание шестое

Данное пособие в первую очередь предназначено тем, кто пожелал профессионально связать свою жизнь с английским языком и решил поступать в гуманитарные вузы. В нем представлены варианты письменных тестов, предлагаемых велущими университетами, языковыми вузами и колледжами страны. Пособие может быть также использовано на занятиях до английскому языку в старших классах общеобразовательных и специализированных школ.

#### Редактор Л. Кудрявцева

Компьютерная верстка М. Королева, О. Дорина

ж 4602010000-001, 17 9030-95 Без объявл.

ISBN 5-7651-0050-3

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#### Уважаемые абитуриенты!

Пособие, которое вы держите в руках, в первую очередь предназначено тем, кому предстоит сдавать вступительные экзамены по английскому языку. Как известно, в большинстве гуманитарных университетов и колледжей России проводятся два экзамена по английскому языку: письменный и устный.

В данном пособии представлены варианты письменных тестов. Все задания четко сформулированы, мы же хотели бы дать вам несколько рекомендаций по работе с тестами:

- Выполните задания карандашом.
- Сверьте свои варианты с ответами.
- Подчеркните ошибки.
- Найдите в пособии по грамматике нужный раздел и выясните, в чем заключается ваша ошибка.
- Можете вписать правильные варианты ручкой.
- Незнакомые слова из текстов следует выписать из словаря и выучить; это увеличит ваш словарный запас.

Наиболее типичными для педагогических университетов и колледжей являются тесты 1—15. Они состоят из четырех заданий. Первое задание напоминает традиционное упражнение на раскрытие скобок, в котором нужно в правильной форме употребить глаголы. Во втором задании вы должны поставить пять вопросов к тексту (не забудьте, что существует четыре типа вопросов). В третьем задании вам нужно выбрать единственно правильный ответ из четырех предложенных. И последнее, четвертое задание, заключается в переводе предложений с русского языка на английский. Иногда вместо перевода предложений абитуриенту предлагается написать короткое сочинение.

Нельзя забывать про то, что на выполнение тестов вам будет дано **определенное** время, зависящее от количества заданий.

Авторы благодарят всех, кто принял участие в подготовке пособия и искренне желают всем абитуриентам удачи на вступительных экзаменах.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### A LETTER FROM LONDON

Dear Alice,
Hi! I'm on holiday in London. I (stay)with my friend, Jane
She (live) in the centre of London, near Hyde Park.
I (be) here since Saturday and I (already, do
lots of things. I (visit) the Tower of
London, the British Museum and Madam Tussaud's.
I (go)to Madam Tussaud's on Monday. It (be)
terrible. When I (enter) the Chamber of Horrors, I (scream
Yesterday Jane and I (go) shopping. I (want) to buy some souvenirs. But while I (pay) for a T-shirt, someon (steal) my bag. Luckily, I (spend, already)
buy some souvenirs. But while I (pay)for a T-shirt, someon
(steal) my bag. Luckily, I (spend, already)
nearly all my money.
There (be) a lot of things I (not, do) yet. I (not
be) on a boat trip down the Thames yet, I (not, see)
the Millennium Dome.
If the weather (be)fine tomorrow, I (go)on
If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, I (go) on boat trip. I hope Jane (can) keep me company.  I (like) London very much. I (never, see such a beautiful city. You (must) visit
I (like) London very much. I (never, see
- such a beautiful city. You (must) visit
some day.
I (be) back in a week, so I (call) you than.
Love,
Ann.
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "A Letterfrom London":

3. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) в	ыберите единственно правильный:		
1. There's no doubt that computers have	our lives easier.		
(A) done (B) got	(C) become (D) made		
2. The journalist asked me			
<ul><li>(A) what was my favourite pastime</li><li>(B) what is my favourite pastime</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) what my favourite pastime was</li><li>(D) what my favourite pastime is</li></ul>		
3. You'll be here tomorrow,?			
(A) isn't it (B) won't you	(C) will you (D) will you be		
4. There was to eat and drink afte	r the party.		
(A) many (B) lot of	(C) a lot (D) lots of		
5 that strange man sitting over there?			
<ul><li>(A) Whose</li><li>(B) Which</li></ul>	(C) Who's (D) Who		
6. A kangaroo has such strong legs	it can jump over a car.		
(A) so (B) so as	(C) as (D) that		
7. Is there in the room?			
<ul><li>(A) somebody</li><li>(B) something</li></ul>	(C) anybody (D) anywhere		
8. The telephone was by Alexand	er Graham Bell.		
<ul><li>(A) discovered</li><li>(B) invented</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) explored</li><li>(D) studied</li></ul>		
9. This programme me a lot of me	oney.		
(A) cost . (B) costed	(C) had costed (D) was cost		
10. It happened our way home.			
(A) in (B) on	(C) for (D) about		

11. By the time we arrived at the static	on, the train
(A) left (B) has left	<ul><li>(C) had left</li><li>(D) was left</li></ul>
12. Mount Everest is more	untain in the world.
(A) high (B) highest	<ul><li>(C) the higher</li><li>(D) the highest</li></ul>
13. What do you want?	
<ul><li>(A) me to do</li><li>(B) that I'll do</li></ul>	(C) I do (D) for me to do
14. If he lived in the country he	happier.
(A) was (B) is	(C) will be (D) would be
15. Rome is famous for its	_ archaeological sites.
(A) ancient (B) old	<ul><li>(C) old-fashioned</li><li>(D) modem</li></ul>
16 operate a computer is	not as difficult as many people think.
<ul><li>(A) To learn</li><li>(B) To learning</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) Learning</li><li>(D) Learning to</li></ul>
17. When did he arrive N	Moscow?
(A) at (B) on	(C) in (D) for
18. Nobody why people	walk or talk in their sleep.
(A) know (B) knows	(C) knew (D) is knowing
19. There is oxygen on this planet! We	eto breathe!
(A) can (B) will can	<ul><li>(C) be able</li><li>(D) will be able</li></ul>
20. What will be like to	morrow?
<ul><li>(A) the weather</li><li>(B) a weather</li></ul>	(C) weather (D) the weathers

4. Не могли бы вы объяснить мне это правило еще р	pa3?
5. Когда мы вышли на улицу, дождь уже прекратило солнце.	
g man (got the home from the raily	One dark night a your
ASI 15 30 - 100 - 315 for 1281 215	station. It (i-r)
6. Ничто не заставит меня выйти из дома в такую мо	
ender the young man of a sole that the control of t	(while)(all the)
7. Что ты собираешься делать сегодня вечером? —	Я иду с Линдой на выставку.
and property of the second sec	(ad) (ad) (ad)
8. Тебе понравился фильм? — Нет. — Мне тоже.	What (want, your
realist, were if there is a second of the se	the porter at the station of the station of the construction of the station of th
9. Попроси его позвонить мне сегодня вечером.	2. 3adastate 2 apapor per a
10. Волга гораздо длиннее Темзы.	X

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### A FRIGHTFUL NIGHT

One dark night	a young man (go)	home fro	m the railway
station. It (be)	very late and t	there (be)	very few
people in the streets			
The young man	very ne	ervous because he	(return, never)
	home so late. Sudd	enly he (feel)	that
somebody (follow)_	home so late. Sudd him. The you	ing man (think) _	that
it (be)	a robber and (decide)	to walk a	s quickly as he
(can)	back he (		
When he (look)	back he (	(see)	that the man
(follow, still)	him. The young ma	n (turn)	into another
street. The man (to	turn)into that	t street too. Now t	he young man
(be)q	quite sure that the man (be)	a rob	ber.
The young man	to see Mr Brown," (station (tell) his he	and (ask)	<u>-</u> :
"What (want, you	u)? Why	y (follow, you)	me?"
"I (go)	to see Mr Brown," (	(say)1	the man, "and
the porter at the s	station (tell)1	me: 'If you (follow	")
this young man, yo	ou (find)his he	ouse easily, he (live	e)
next door to Mr Br	own."	the same of the same of	
2. Задайте 5 вопр	росов к тексту "A Frightful N	Vight":	\$ C. S. T. Y.
		THE PERSON NAMED IN CO.	marine A
	- (A)	<del></del>	

. IMichael for ages.	
(A) didn't see	(C) haven't seen
(B) don't see	(D) saw not
2. Iget up very early now.	
(A) must to	(C) should to
(B) have to	(D) ought
3. How muchto fly to New	York?
(A) costs it	(C) does cost
(B) it costs	(D) does it cost
4. My brother Nick is very good	maths.
(A) for	(C) about
(B) at	(D) in
5. When did you discover that your car	?
(A) was disappeared	(C) had disappeared
(B) had been disappeared	(D) disappearing
6. If hehard, he'll fail his fin	nal exams.
(A) doesn't work	(C) hadn't worked
(B) won't work	(D) wouldn't work
7. Have you heard thenews	?
(A) last	(C) latest
(B) previous	(D) latter
8. Which of youto go on an	excursion?
(A) wants	(C) does want
(B) want	(D) do want
9. I'd like to know	
(A) where is my diary	(C) where my diary is
(B) where it is my diary	(D) my diary is where
0. I'm very busy at the moment. I	for my English exam.
(A) am preparing	(C) have been preparing
(B) prepare	(D) am going prepare

(C) being translated

(D) has been translated

(A) translated

(B) has translated

TEST 2

TEST 2	13
21. If the weatherfine tomorrow,	we'll go to the park.
(A) is	(C) will be
(B) will	(D) were
22. I'd like you to meet a very good friend of_	, Robert White.
(A) us	(C) our
(B) we	(D) ours
23. My friend and I go to the tenr	nis court every Sunday.
(A) occasionally	(C) usually
(B) ever	(D) often
24. You'd better	
(A) stop worrying	(C) stop to worry
(B) to stop worrying	(D) to stop worry
25. You have never been to Canada,	<u>?</u>
(A) isn't it	(C) haven't you
(B) is it	(D) have you
4. Переведите следующие предложения на а 1. Нам пришлось вернуться домой, так как	
2. Я не люблю фильмы ужасов. — Я тоже.	
3. Перестаньте разговаривать! Я ничего не	слышу.
<del></del>	
4. Твои родители заставляют тебя мыть по	суду?

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### ATRAVELLER'STALE

It (happen)	many years ago. I (be)	in India. l
(hunt)	many years ago. I (be)there. Once I (spend)the who	ole day in the
jungle. It (get)	completely dark when I (decide)	to
return to my cam	np. I (walk)along a narrow path.	Strange sounds
(hear)	everywhere. On my right there (be)	a river and
on my left there	(be)a thick tropical forest.	•
Suddenly I (see	ee)something terrible in the jungl	le on my left.
Two green eyes	(look)at me. It (be)	_a man-eating
tiger, ready to spi		
I (know)	that if I (start)to run th	e tiger (catch)
me	easily. As I could swim well I (make up)hat way. I (look)at the river on m	my
mind to escape the	nat way. I (look) at the river on m	ny right. There
in the river, (be)	a huge crocodile. It (wait)	for me
with open jaws.		
I (faint)	. A moment later I (jump)	to my feet
again. What do y	you think I (see) ? The tiger (be)	in
the jaws of the cre	ocodile.	•
Five years (p	pass) since that time but I (real	member, still)
ever	ry moment of that terrible night.	
to faint — падать в	з обморок	
2 3adaŭma 5 ad	опросов к тексту "A Traveller's Tale":	
2. Subdume 5 60	npocoo k mekemy A Truvener's Tute.	
<del></del>		
<del></del>		<del></del>
<del> </del>		
		<del></del>
-		<del> </del>

3. Из четырех вариантов (A), (В), (С), (I	D) выберите единственно правильный:
1. I want to become a teacher	,
<ul><li>(A) when I will leave school</li><li>(B) when I leave school</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) when I am leaving school</li><li>(D) when I had left school</li></ul>
2. The Sahara is desert in the	world.
<ul><li>(A) the hottest</li><li>(B) hottest</li></ul>	(C) the most hot (D) the hotter
3. John is not interestedpolit	ics.
(A) about (B) in	(C) for (D) over
4. I'm sure we before.	
<ul><li>(A) have never met</li><li>(B) haven't never met</li></ul>	(C) didn't met (D) had met
5. I don't know	•
<ul><li>(A) where this museum</li><li>(B) where is this museum</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) where this museum is</li><li>(D) this museum is where</li></ul>
6. They were in Spain last summer,	?
(A) were they (B) isn't it	<ul><li>(C) didn't they</li><li>(D) weren't they</li></ul>
7. When I came home late in the evening,	my parents
<ul><li>(A) had already had dinner</li><li>(B) have already had dinner</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) have been having dinner</li><li>(D) had dinner</li></ul>
8. New Year's Day is popular	r in Britain than Christmas.
<ul><li>(A) more less</li><li>(B) more little</li></ul>	(C) less (D) little
9Michelangelo began paintin in the Vatican.	g the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel
(A) At the age of 33 (B) At 33 years	(C) At the age of 33 year-old

(C) milk

(D) milks

(A) the milk

(B) a milk

17

20. Mrs Johnson told us	
<ul><li>(A) to not wash up</li><li>(B) to do not wash up</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) not to wash up</li><li>(D) that we don't wash up</li></ul>
21. I've lost my wallet. — When	_?
<ul><li>(A) have you lost it</li><li>(B) did you lose it</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) had you lost it</li><li>(D) you lost it</li></ul>
22. It's not very difficult	
<ul><li>(A) to learn how to drive</li><li>(B) to learn how drive</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) learn how to drive</li><li>(D) to learn how driving</li></ul>
23. I don't want to go to the country, I'd rathe	erat home.
(A) staying (C) stay	(B) to stay . (D) will stay
24. I usually go to schoolbus.	
(A) on (B) by	(C) in (D) at
25. It isa boring book that I don	't dare to advise you to read it.
(A) so (B) such	(C) very (D) too
4. Переведите следующие предложения на	! английский язык:
1. Вы прочитали книгу, которую я дал ва	м на прошлой неделе?
2. Интересно, почему Саша не позвонил	мне вчера вечером?
3. Вам бы лучше лечь спать пораньше.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<del></del>	

the His

	5. Я изучаю французский язык три года.	orac secure as manera
247	n er vor een skrive skrivet dod ze ze bezoe.	. at 139th talgeds and
100	6. Вам пришлось вчера рано встать, не правда ли?	may a first admit
		1.041
er	7. На кого похож ваш сын?	(You a little)
1	218 218 228 238 238	(19) 15 (19) 1
	8. Мэри пишет по-английски гораздо лучше, чем го	рворит.
	9. Вы когда-нибудь были в Германии? — Да, я был	там год назад.
	in diagraph of the control of the co	Dire basılığı olun <b>원</b> 한 San yellik çe marrı
1)	10. 2	море.
	10. Завтра в это время мы будем купаться в Черном м	Company and the same

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### AN INTERVIEW WITH A POP STAR

P: Our special guest in the studio today is B	ob Bubble. Welcome to the show,
Bob.	
B: Thanks. It's great (be) here.	
P: You are only 21, but you (already, sell)	10 million
P: You are only 21, but you (already, sell) records. How old (you, be) when	you (write)your first
song?	
B: I (be)15.	•
P: (You, take)	vocal lessons when you (be)
a kid?	
a kid?  B: No, I didn't. My parents (hope)  a lawyer. So I (sing)	that I (become)
a lawyer. So I (sing)	and (write) my
songs in secret — late at night in my room, wh	nen everyone (sleep)
songs in secret — late at night in my room, when my first album (appear) My father said that I (disappoint)	, my parents (be shocked)
My father said that I (disappoint)	him.
P: (He, be disappointed, still)	in you?
P: (He, be disappointed, still)  B: No. I (think) he (be proud)  P: How many songs (you write)	of me.
1. 110 % many songs (you, write)	?
B: About 150.	
P: Bob, I know you (not, have) _ do, usually) when you	much free time, but what (you,
do, usually) when you	re not busy singing?
B: Well, I (be fond) of windsurf	
P: One last question, Bob. Are you married?	
B: Not yet. I (get married)only	when I (meet)the
girl of my dream.	
2. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) выб	ерите единственно правильный:
1. Everyoneof Bill Gates, the icon	of American business and the richest
man in the world.	
(A) have heard	(C) is hearing
(B) has heard	(D) has been heard
2. It wascold that I put on my coat.	
(A) too	(C) very
(B) such	(D) so

3. The Internet	as harmless as it may s	eem.
(A) is (B) has been		(C) isn't (D) isn't being
4. Do you mind the d	loor?	
(A) I close (B) close		(C) if to close (D) my closing
5. He doesbut	play computer games al	ll day.
<ul><li>(A) everything</li><li>(B) nothing</li></ul>		(C) anything (D) something
6. I arrived the	airport with plenty of ti	me to check in.
(A) for (B) to		(C) at (D) in
7. I'd like overnight.		
<ul><li>(A) that you stayed v</li><li>(B) you stay with us</li></ul>		(C) you staying with us (D) you to stay with us
8. John's been to India,	?	
(A) isn't he (B) hasn't he		(C) hasn't John (D) doesn't he
9. I'm going to my dentist _	·	
<ul><li>(A) one of these days</li><li>(B) another day</li></ul>		(C) another of these days (D) the other day
10. In spite of Shakespeare's	fame we know very	about his life.
<ul><li>(A) little</li><li>(B) a little</li></ul>		(C) few (D) less
11. Ann couldn't go to the the	eatre with us because	<b>.</b>
<ul><li>(A) she had prepare f</li><li>(B) she must prepare</li></ul>		(C) she <b>had</b> to prepare for the exam (D) she will have to prepare for the exam
12. Neither Helen nor Andrew	w to go to the mu	seum with us.
<ul><li>(A) is wanting</li><li>(B) wants</li></ul>		(C) doesn't want (D) don't want

13. The first film of this director is much mo	re interesting the second one.
(A) then	(C) that
(B) than	(D) as
14. By the time we got home, Alice	a delicious dinner.
(A) prepared	(C) had prepared
(B) has prepared	(D) has been preparing
15. Nobody being shouted at.	
(A) likes	(C) is like
(B) doesn't like	(D) like
16. I don't know who your bike.	•
(A) stealed	(C) did stole
(B) has stoled	(D) has stolen
17. Sheat the bus-stop when a young r	man took her bag and ran away.
(A) was waiting	(C) is waiting
(B) has been waiting	(D) had waited
18. Ian essay by six o'clock yesterday	7.
(A) have written	(C) wrote
(B) had written	(D) was writing
19. Everybody to go to the dentist at le	east once a year.
(A) should	(C) ought
(B) must	(D) have
20. I'm late,?	
(A) aren't I	(C) isn't it
(B) am I	(D) amn't I
21. She has got daughter.	
(A) a ten-years	(C) a ten-year-old
(B) a ten-years-old	(D) a ten-year-aged
22. Are you sure that the bus leaves at	6 p.m.?
(A) latter	(C) late
(B) latest	(D) last

TEST 4		<b>2</b> 3
23. This newspaper is not very popular	young people.	
(A) for	(C) about	
(B) with	(D) over	
24. Michelangelo Buonarroti was	artists in history.	
(A) a very famous	(C) the most famous	
(B) one of the most famous	(D) one of famousest	
25. Please wait for me if you	earlier.	
(A) will come	(C) comes	
(B) come	(D) came	
3. Переведите следующие предложения н	а английский язык:	
1. Больше всего я люблю читать детекти	вы и фантастику.	
2. Вы были когда-нибудь в Риме? — Да	. — Когда вы там были?	
3. Я не смогу пойти с ними в театр завтр	ра. — И я тоже.	_
4. Статью не трудно было переводить, і	правда? — Да, не трудно.	
5. Я живу на третьем этаже пятиэтажног	го многоквартирного дома.	
·		·
	· — · — - — — — — — — — — — — — — —	

L	Tauz (1)	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
	иру было восемнадцать лет, ко	
	чень трудно учить стихи наизус	· Low York as the Art Art
	AMER BY VIEW 1 10 10 10	and the second s
9. Самое	популярное хобби — коллекци	онирование марок.
0. Она ска	азала, что живет на улице Пуш	кина.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### THE SAILOR AND THE MONKEYS

Once a sailor (come)	_to S	South	America.	He	(have)
a lot of red woollen caps with	n him.	He	(be going) _		
to sell them there. On his way to the neares	t town	1 he (1	nust)		go
through a forest in which there (be)At noon, when the sun (shine)		_a lot	of monkeys	in th	e trees.
At noon, when the sun (shine)		brigh	tly in the s	ky, th	e sailor
(lie) down on the grass to	o rest	under	a large tre	e. He	(take)
(lie)down on the grass toone of the caps out of his b	ag and	d (put	)		it
on his head and almost immediately he (fall	)		as	sleep.	
When he (wake up) he (fi	ind)		tha	at all t	he caps
(disappear) . Suddenly he	(hear)			some	strange
noise over his head. He (look up)	,	and (	see)		the
When he (wake up) he (find (disappear) . Suddenly he noise over his head. He (look up) trees full of monkeys and each monkey (we have the content of the con	ear)	_ `	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	red v	woollen
cap! They (steal) all his red caps	s! The	sailor	(begin)		to
shout and throw stones at them but the more	nkevs	(be go	oing, not)		
to give the red caps back. They (be)					
The sailor (get) very angry					
the cap which he (put on)					
(throw) it angrily on the grou	nd: "I	f vou	(keep)		my
caps and (want, not)to give the	em ba	ck to	me, you r	nav ta	ke this
one too!"			, <b>,</b>	•	
At the same moment all the monkeys (	take o	ff)		the re	ed caps
and (throw) them on the gr	round.	,		_	
and (throw) them on the graph the sailor (take) the caps,	(put)		them	into	the bag
and (go) away.	(I · · · )		<u> </u>		
<u>(5)</u> <u>u</u> y.		-			
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "The Sailor	and the	e Monk	eys ":		
,					
			·		
			<del></del>		
					··

1 Shakespeare is	to understand than Agatha Christie.
(A) difficult (B) more difficult	(C) most difficult (D) the most difficult
2. I took a shower, shaved and	my best suit.
(A) wore (B) dressed	(C) put on (D) took off
3. The weather forecast said that	<u> </u>
<ul><li>(A) it will rain in the after</li><li>(B) it would rain in the aft</li></ul>	· · ·
4. If youto Pa	ris you'll see the Eiffel Tower.
(A) go (B) will go	(C) went (D) would go
5. Who Ame	rica?
<ul><li>(A) discovered</li><li>(B) did discover</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) did discovered</li><li>(D) discovers</li></ul>
6. She's got 3 children, and her_	has just started school.
(A) oldest (B) eldest	<ul><li>(C) the oldest</li><li>(D) the eldest</li></ul>
7. The most striking feature of always been a source of curios	the giraffe is its long neck, has sity.
(A) who (B) whose	(C) what (D) which
8. St Basil's Cathedralover Kazan.	in the mid-18th century in memory of the victory
<ul><li>(A) built</li><li>(B) was built</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) was builded</li><li>(D) had been built</li></ul>
9. I usually go to school	foot.
(A) in (B) with	(C) on (D) by

10	we had a lot of free time, we decided to go to the park.		
	(A) For (B) Thus	(C) So (D) As	
11. I	English since la		
<u>.                                    </u>	(A) will be learning (B) am learning	<ul><li>(C) have been learning</li><li>(D) learn</li></ul>	
12. Te	ell me there	is anything else you would like to see in London.	
	(A) that (B) so	(C) which (D) if	
13. A	secretary is a person who	letters.	
	(A) is typing (B) types	(C) typed (D) will type	
14. Oı	ur planet is in grave danger	human activity.	
	<ul><li>(A) because</li><li>(B) the reason why</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) for</li><li>(D) as a result of</li></ul>	
15. M	y parents have	_ lived in London.	
	<ul><li>(A) always</li><li>(B) usually</li></ul>	(C) from time to time (D) ever	
16. It	was a boring f	ilm that I fell asleep in the middle of it.	
	(A) so (B) such	(C) too (D) very	
•17. W	ve ate cake. It v	vas delicious.	
	<ul><li>(A) the all</li><li>(B) the whole</li></ul>	(C) the every bit (D) each	
18. If	I were you, Isn	noking.	
	<ul><li>(A) would give up</li><li>(B) gave up</li></ul>	(C) will give up (D) give up	
	Then I at Baker eep in thought.	Street, Holmes was sitting by the fire	
	(A) reached (B) entered	(C) arrived (D) came	

20. He	to go to the denti	st because he has toothache.
,	) ought ) must	(C) should (D) have
21. James	said that he	_ a horse before.
(A	) never rode	(C) had never ridden
. (B	) has never ridden	(D) would never ride
22. Neithe	r Alex nor Nick	German.
(A	.) know	(C) don't know
(B	) are knowing	(D) knows
23	difficult work!	
(A	) Which	(C) What a
(B	) What	(D) How
24. I felt so	yesterday that	I couldn't even get up.
(A	a) bad	(C) well
(B	) badly	(D) good
25. Tom _	Ann since c	hildhood.
(A	) is loving	(C) has been loving
(B	) was loving	(D) has loved
1.Тычто		шаю очень внимательно, но ничего не слышу.
2. Мы не	ожидали, что он скажет пр	равду.
3. Он все	гда дает полезные советы, и	но я не всегда им следую.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

4. В котором час	су начинается фильм? — В восемь	
		0.184
5. Ему пришлос	ь остаться дома? — Да.	A STATE OF S
	- CREED on SECTION	
	eron to a right ment of the period of	7 F. 1 - 1910 ONE
11 - 12 - 25	The Light strings of Front	
6. Этот праздни	к отмечается в Англии с XV века.	Two last And dense
	1 (Rus) 1 volum / N :	(40.6)
	100,007,007	THE DAY SHIP COMPANY HIS
7. Я еще не чита	л этого романа. — Я тоже.	Trading of Sections:  Legal 1
	and the state of t	in appropriate purchase and the second
8. В Москве мно	ого исторических и архитектурных	памятников.
		(variou) apadfi
		az rmat) galWr
9. Кто-нибудь в	идел, как он выходил из комнаты?	A THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN
ka ti di ili. <del>Malayara da</del>	1 (1908 (1907) 1 (1908) (1907) 1 (1908) (1907) 1	te de la composite de la compo
10. На вашем мес	те я бы с ним не спорил.	contato de deserve
A		

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### A SLEEPLESS NIGHT

One night I (be)alone at home with my ten-year-old daughter
She (wake) me up in the middle of the night: "Mum, mum! There
(be) a man outside the house. He (watch) me
through the window!"
I (look) out of the window. I (can) see the shape of a
man outside. Who (he, be) ? What (he, do) there
"I (must, get)to the telephone in the hall and
telephone the police," I (think)
man outside. Who (he, be)? What (he, do)there'  "I (must, get)to the telephone in the hall and telephone the police," I (think)  I (go)downstairs hardly daring to breathe, afraid that he (hear
my movements. I (reach) for the telephone, (lift the receiver and (dial) 999. The police (answer
the receiver and (dial) 999. The police (answer
and I (explain) • what (happen) . They
(say) that they (come) at once.
(say) that they (come) at once.  Soon a police car (stop) in front of the house. I (hurry downstairs and (open) the front door. A police
downstairs and (open)the front door. A police
officer (come)in.  "What (happen)?" he (ask)  After listening to my story he (go)out, and after a while (return)  "It's all right" he (say)  "It's all right he (say)  "It (just see) the front door. A police of the front door. A police
"What (happen)?" he (ask)
After listening to my story he (go) out, and after a while
(return)  "It's all right," he (say) "I (just, see)that man  He (wells) his deg_Puthe way, he (live) in the house expected.
11 5 di 115111; 110 (Say) 1 (Just; 500)
He (walk) his dog. By the way, he (live) in the house opposite.
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "A Sleepless Night":

1. Have you seen Mary's boyfriend	?
(A) yet	(C) just
(B) still	(D) else
2. I wonder what our children	_when we come back.
(A) do	(C) are doing
(B) will do	(D) will be doing
3. I hate	•
(A) a rainy weather	(C) the rainy weather
(B) rainy weather	(D) rainy weathers
4. Don't be angryme, please.	·
(A) at	(C) with
(B) about	(D) for
5. I was very much surprised when Ann sa	id that she
(A) can't to swim	(C) couldn't swim
(B) can't swim	(D) wasn't able swim
6. I wantme.	
(A) you to help	(C) that you'll help
(B) that you help	(D) you helping
7. He has never been toforeig	gn countries.
(A) some	(C) no
(B) any	(D) anywhere
8a post-office near here?	
(A) Is	(C) Where there
(B) Is there	(D) There is
9. The policethe criminal yet	t. ·
(A) have caught	(C) didn't caught
(B) didn't catch	(D) haven't caught

	Charles Dickens is still_ppeared, over 150 years		day as when his first work
	(A) as		(C) such
	(B) so		(D) much
11. <i>T</i>	om Sawyer	_by Mark Twain.	
	(A) has written		(C) was written
	(B) was wrote		(D) is being written
12. A	As far as I know he spea	ks neither Spanish	Italian.
	(A) or		(C) not
	(B) either		(D) nor
13. H	Ie said that he	to Egypt.	
	(A) never had been		(C) has never been
	(B) never was		(D) had never been
14. V	When we arrived in Soci	hi, it was very hot and	the sun
	(A) was shining		(C) shined
	(B) shone		(D) shining
15. T	The teacher made me	the exercise	e again.
	(A) to do		(C) doing
	(B) do		(D) that I'll do
16. Y	ou've made	mistakes in your di	ctation.
	(A) too many		(C) very little
	(B) so much		(D) a lot
17. Y	You've never heard this	song,?	
	(A) isn't it		(C) have you
	(B) haven't you		(D) is it
18. Ja	ane is a friend of	·	
	(A) ours		(C) us
	(B) our		(D) we
19. S	the was the sort of wom	an who was always bo	othering about
	(A) what other peop	ole would think	(C) what would think other people
	(B) what would other	er people think	(D) what other people think

20. It was place	I had ever seen.
<ul><li>(A) more beautiful</li><li>(B) most beautiful</li></ul>	(C) the most beautiful (D) the beautifulest
21. I have made up my	to become a teacher.
<ul><li>(A) brains</li><li>(B) mind</li></ul>	(C) head (D) decision
22. Before we parted Wilson house one day.	asked me I would like to go and see his
(A) that (B) which	(C) about (D) if
23. I am sure that Jim is	lies.
(A) pronouncing (B) telling	(C) talking (D) saying
24. Would you like	piece of cake?
<ul><li>(A) other</li><li>(B) another</li></ul>	(C) more (D) others
25 Volga is the	longest river in Europe.
(A) — (B) The	(C) A (D) An
26. Peter is a bad driver. He	drives
<ul><li>(A) careless '</li><li>(B) careful</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) carefully</li><li>(D) carelessly</li></ul>
27. This car is	I can't afford it.
(A) cheap (B) expensive	(C) bad (D) good
28. I've never heard	<b>.</b>
(A) her to sing (B) her sing	<ul><li>(C) she sings</li><li>(D) she is singing</li></ul>
29. My brother	Ann Graves since childhood.
<ul><li>(A) is loving</li><li>(B) was loving</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) has been loving</li><li>(D) has loved</li></ul>

8. Мы не	е ожидали, чт	о он вернето	ся так поздн	0.		
	ко комнат в елефон? — Д	•	тире? — В н	ашей квар	утире 3 ком	наты. — У ва
10. Вы зна	аете, сколько	пьес напис	ал Шекспир	9? — Около	30.	
			• • •			

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### A CLEVER TRICK

It (be)	a cold a	nd stormy night. A	traveller (ride)	a ł	norse. It
		gs and he (be)			
fc	or a few hours bef	ore he could find an	inn.		
When he (e	nter)	_the inn he (see)	a 1	ot of people ther	e. They
(sit)	in front of the	fire and there (be, n	ot)	a seat left for h	im.
A good ide	ea (strike)	him. He (c	all)	the waiter ar	nd (say)
to	him in a loud vo	oice: "Boy, take a p	late of oysters to	my horse."	
Everybody	(be surprised)	The wa	iter (put)	some oy	sters on
the plate and (g	go out)	Naturally, the o	other people (go	out)	_to see
if the horse (ea	t)th	ne oysters.			
A few minu	tes later the waite	er (return)	with the nev	ws that the horse	(refuse)
to	eat the oysters.	When the other p	eople (return)_	the	ey (saw)
t	hat the traveller	(sit)	_comfortably i	n a chair. He	(warm)
h	is feet beside the	e fire. And suddenly	y everybody (re	alize)	why
the traveller (or	rder)	the waiter to take t	he oysters to th	e horse.	
			*		
oyster — устр	ица				
2 Задайте	5 eonnocoe k mu	ексту "A Clever Tr	ick"		
2. Jaoaame	5 oonpocoo k me	enemy 11 Ciever 11	ick.		
					_
					77 77
		-			
	7 7				
	San Carlo			42.	

7	
ಾ	1
•	•

1. By the ti	me we got to the theatre the first act_	
, ,	has already begun	(C) had already begun
(B)	had already began	(D) was already begun
2. I'll pick	you up at seven sharp if	and the
(A)	you will be ready	(C) you is ready
(B)	you are ready	(D) you has been ready
3. Do you k	nowbag it is?	
(A)	whose	(C) who
	which	(D) who's
4. Latin wo	ords began to be used in English place	e-names very long
	later on	(C) previously
` '	before	(D) ago
classes.		
(A)	One of most	(C) The most one
(A)	One of the most	(D) The one of most
(A) (B)		
(A) (B)	One of the most	(D) The one of most
(A) (B) 6. James m (A)	One of the most ade everybody believe that	<ul><li>(D) The one of most</li><li>(C) he was travelled all over the world</li></ul>
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world	(D) The one of most  (C) he was travelled all over
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it	<ul><li>(D) The one of most</li><li>(C) he was travelled all over the world</li></ul>
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it	<ul> <li>(D) The one of most</li> <li>(C) he was travelled all over the world</li> <li>(D) he travels all over the world</li> <li>(C) meself</li> <li>(D) myself</li> </ul>
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it  self oneself	<ul> <li>(D) The one of most</li> <li>(C) he was travelled all over the world</li> <li>(D) he travels all over the world</li> <li>(C) meself</li> <li>(D) myself</li> </ul>
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it  self oneself  Iemorial Day Americans honour the	<ul> <li>(D) The one of most</li> <li>(C) he was travelled all over the world</li> <li>(D) he travels all over the world</li> <li>(C) meself</li> <li>(D) myself</li> </ul>
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B) 8N	One of the most  ade everybody believe that he has travelled all over the world he had travelled all over the world helped me, so I had to do it self oneself femorial Day Americans honour the wars.	(D) The one of most  (C) he was travelled all over the world (D) he travels all over the world  (C) meself (D) myself servicemen who gave their lives  (C) On
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B) 8N in past v	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it  self oneself  Iemorial Day Americans honour the wars.  At	(C) he was travelled all over the world (D) he travels all over the world (C) meself (D) myself servicemen who gave their lives
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B) 8N in past v (A) (B)	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it  self oneself  Iemorial Day Americans honour the wars.  At	(D) The one of most  (C) he was travelled all over the world (D) he travels all over the world  (C) meself (D) myself servicemen who gave their lives  (C) On
(A) (B) 6. James m (A) (B) 7. Nobody (A) (B) 8N in past v (A) (B) 9. How ma	One of the most  ade everybody believe that  he has travelled all over the world  he had travelled all over the world  helped me, so I had to do it  self oneself  Iemorial Day Americans honour the  vars.  At In	(D) The one of most  (C) he was travelled all over the world (D) he travels all over the world  (C) meself (D) myself  servicemen who gave their lives  (C) On (D) Over

10. What	you're wearing today!
<ul><li>(A) the wonderful dress</li><li>(B) wonderful dress</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) a wonderful dress</li><li>(D) is a wonderful dress</li></ul>
11. In the fifteenth century people kne as America.	ew nothing aboutbig continent
(A) so as (B) so a	(C) a such (D) such a
12. As soon as Iit I called	ed the police.
(A) looked (B) saw	(C) watched (D) stared
13. The job wasworse th	nan she had expected.
(A) many (B) very	(C) much (D) a few
14. Tell me what	
<ul><li>(A) do you want me to buy for</li><li>(B) you want me to buy for y</li></ul>	
15. His mother •	the cassette player.
<ul><li>(A) made him switch off</li><li>(B) made him switching off</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) made him to switch off</li><li>(D) made that he switched off</li></ul>
16. The first view of the city of New Y	York from the sea is the sight that
<ul><li>(A) can never forget</li><li>(B) cannot ever forgotten</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) cannot never be forgotten</li><li>(D) can never be forgotten</li></ul>
17. You'd betterto the o	country in such rainy weather.
(A) to not go (B) not go	(C) don't go (D) not to go
18. It's he	re to take pictures.
<ul><li>(A) too dark</li><li>(B) dark enough</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) not enough dark</li><li>(D) so dark</li></ul>
19. Yesterday we	at school till 6 p.m.
<ul><li>(A) had to stay</li><li>(B) must stay</li></ul>	(C) might to stay (D) had stay

20. WhatEuropean countries have y	you been to?
(A) else	(C) another
(B) other	(D) others
21. I don't have much time, I can't	you now.
(A) say	(C) tell to
(B) speak	(D) talk to
22. Washington, DC is the capital of the US but 1	New York iscity.
(A) biggest	(C) bigger
(B) the biggest	(D) the most biggest
23. Did you see John yesterday? — Yes, I saw	the street.
(A) his being crossed	(C) his crossing
(B) him to cross	(D) him crossing
24. Why don't you make a cup of coffee	I'm finishing this?
(A) till	(C) during
(B) until	(D) while
25. The water of the Dead Sea is so salty that	live in it.
(A) nothing can	(C) nothing can't
(B) nothing	(D) anything can't
4. Переведите следующие предложения на анг	глийский язык: Дорган дару 197
1. Что вы будете делать завтра в четыре часа	9 - Land to the Land of the same of the
т. тто вы оудете делать завтра в четыре часа	West to the second
1 00 000 1 100 - 1000 to 1000 1300 to 1	10. Ha meeringti singer a
2. Сходить в магазин? — Нет, не нужно.	House
3. Сколько времени у вас уходит на то, чтоб	ы добраться до школы?
Maria de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de l	

месяцев.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

### A SAD STORY

Three men (come)	_to New York. They	(arrive)		at a very
large hotel and (take)a	room there. Their ro	om (be)		_on the
forty-fifth floor.				
In the evening the three men	(go)	_to the	theatre and	(come)
' back to the hotel very	late.			
"I (be) _ very sorry,"	(say)	the clerk	of the hotel,	"but our
lifts (work, not)to	onight. If you (want,	not)		to walk
upstairs to your room we (make)	beds for	you in the	e hall."	
"No, no," (say)ono				ant, not)
Then he (tell) _ his two				to walk
up to the forty-fifth floor, but I (thir	nk)Í	(know)_		how to
make it easier. On our way to the room				
us some songs. Then Po				
So they (begin) to v				
them many jokes, Andy (sing)				
to the thirty-fourth				
to have a rest.				
"Well," (say)Tom	, "now it (be)	you	r turn, Peter.	" "I (tell)
you a sad story," (say)	Peter.	"We (leav	re)	the
key to our room in the hall."				
2. Задайте пять вопросов к тек	cmy "A Sad Story":			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	<u> </u>	<del></del>		

1. The English are famous	_ their tea and their weather.
(A) of	(C) in
(B) for	(D) about
2. I'd like	
(A) you join us	(C) you joining us
(B) you to join us	(D) your join to us
3. Oxford and Cambridge are	universities in Great Britain.
(A) older	(C) the oldest
(B) oldest	(D) the most oldest
4. The weather was fine and we	·
(A) decided to go to the park	(C) have decided to go to the park
(B) decided going to the park	(D) decided that we go to the park
5. John is studying contemporary art,	?
- (A) doesn't he	(C) is he
(B) isn't it	(D) isn't he
6. The Guinness Book of Records	in the 50s.
(A) first published	(C) was first published
(B) has first been published	(D) were first published
7is known of Julius Caes and Latin literature with a tutor.	sar's education except that he studied Greek
(A) something	(C) nothing
(B) anything	(D) no
8. John came to see me	It was last Monday, I think.
(A) another day	(C) other day
(B) the other day	(D) the day before other
9. Chopin began to take piano lessons	<del></del> •
(A) in the age of six	(C) at 6 years old
(B) at 6 ages old	(D) at the age of 6

10. She's got a dark	•
(A) hair (B) complexion	(C) eyes (D) build
11. The Hermitagea pricele	ess collection of pictures.
<ul><li>(A) contains</li><li>(B) is contained</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) containing</li><li>(D) is containing</li></ul>
12. It was a very difficult text. I dictionary.	look up a lot of words in the
(A) must (B) had to	(C) was able (D) had
13. People say that the Loch Ness Monster doesn't alive today.	t look likeother animal
(A) some (B) no	(C) any (D) anyone
14. When the teacher came in, the children	
<ul><li>(A) danced</li><li>(B) have been dancing</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) had been dancing</li><li>(D) were dancing</li></ul>
15. Though Christmas is celebrated on Decemb	per 25, the actual date of Christ's birth
(A) not known (B) is not known	(C) is known not (D) not to be known
16. What's, Steve?	
(A) matter (B) wrong	<ul><li>(C) problem</li><li>(D) happen</li></ul>
17. Is theresnow in England in	winter?
(A) many (B) much	(C) few (D) large
18. His first novel is much more interesting	his second one.
(A) than (B) then	(C) as (D) before
19. Napoleon didn't succeed in conquering Rus	ssia and
<ul><li>(A) Hitler didn't too</li><li>(B) Hitler did neither</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) neither did Hitler</li><li>(D) neither didn't Hitler</li></ul>

20. Romeo fell in loveJulie	et at first sight.
<ul><li>(A) for</li><li>(B) about</li></ul>	(C) on (D) with
21. Nobody	to the dentist.
<ul><li>(A) enjoy to go</li><li>(B) enjoys go</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) enjoy going</li><li>(D) enjoys going</li></ul>
22. "Who	the window?" the teacher asked angrily.
<ul><li>(A) did break</li><li>(B) broke</li></ul>	(C) broken (D) breaked
23. If I don't know this or that word, I look	itin the dictionary.
(A) at (B) in	(C) up (D) for
24. Your behaviour makes your father	
<ul><li>(A) anger</li><li>(B) angrily</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) angry</li><li>(D) to be angry</li></ul>
25I woul	dn't buy that coat.
<ul><li>(A) If I were you</li><li>(B) If I would be you</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) On your place</li><li>(D) If I was instead of you</li></ul>
26. All Tom's <b>friends</b> were sorry	him when he failed his entrance exams.
(A) for (B) about	(C) with (D) at
27. My sister and Ivisit our	grandparents every Saturday.
<ul><li>(A) sometimes</li><li>(B) often</li></ul>	(C) ever (D) usually
28. Where are you going to stay when	in London?
(A) you be (B) you will	<ul><li>(C) you are</li><li>(D) you will be</li></ul>
29. Hurry up! Thetrain	leaves in half an hour.
(A) last (B) latest	(C) least (D) latter

EST 8			4
30. I've never seen			
<ul><li>(A) her to dance</li><li>(B) her dance</li></ul>		<ul><li>(C) she dances</li><li>(D) she is dancing</li></ul>	16
4. Hanuuume 10-15 npe	дложений на одну	из предложенных ниже тем:	100
1. Television, its advant	ages and disadvanta	iges.	
2. The future of work.			
3. A friend in need is a f	mena maeea.	s seed into the consisting that I talk the control	
I the term of the or	mena maeea.	e si ad maria di adalps deb 1996 il provinci ofine di adalps seleptiones del 1916 il displacatione del disp	
I the term of the or	mena maeea.		
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I the term of the or	mena maeea.		
I the term of the or	mena maeea.		

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

# THEY OVERDID IT

The London police were looking for a crir	minal who (rob)a bank. One day
	him to prison. But while they (take)
	ont, from the left, from the right, with a hat,
without a hat — he suddenly (attack)	one of the policemen and (run away)
Then a week later the telephone (ring)	in the police station and somebody
(say): "You (look for) _	Ben Jackson, aren't you?" "Yes."
"Well, he (be)at Victoria Station	an hour ago. He (leave, probably)
London by now."	- I want was a set (it of the
The city police immediately (send)	four different photos of the robber to
the railway police. All the trains (search)	
Less than two hours later they (get)	a telephone call from a small town not
far from London. "We (catch)to catch	_three of the men," they (say)
happily, "and we (hope)to catcle	h the fourth very soon."
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "They	Overdid It":
The state of the s	Y
W 14 1	
F 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
A children and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a	Servicione / /A

3. Из четырех вариантов (2	A), (B), (С), (D) выбері	ите единственно правильный:
1. Charlie Chaplin was fond	dhis friend	;
		(C) imitating (D) of imitating
2. Moscow has	_beautiful buildings and	monuments.
(A) a lot (B) much		(C) a great deal (D) many
3. We'll start our tour from centre of London.	Trafalgar Square	is the geographical
(A) which (B) whose		(C) where (D) there
4. I've decided	_to university when I fir	nish school.
(A) go (B) going		(C) to go (D) that I go
5. Jimmy couldn't come to	the lesson,	?
<ul><li>(A) could he</li><li>(B) couldn't he</li></ul>		(C) did he (D) didn't he
6. Everybody	that smoking is dangero	us.
<ul><li>(A) know</li><li>(B) knows</li></ul>		(C) is knowing (D) is known
7. If you help me, we	_finish the job mu	ich sooner.
(A) can to (B) could		(C) will be able (D) will be able to
8. A hundred years	life was very differ	ent.
<ul><li>(A) before</li><li>(B) previously</li></ul>		(C) ago (D) later
9. How long are you going	toat the ho	otel?
<ul><li>(A) leave</li><li>(B) stay</li></ul>		(C) put up (D) occupy
10. Whenfrom	Moscow University?	
(A) did you graduat (B) did you graduat		(C) have you graduated (D) were you graduating

11. It's very cold today. Don't forget to p	utyour coat.
(A) off (C) on (B) of (D) out	
12. When I arrived my boss	
<ul><li>(A) has already left</li><li>(B) had already left</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) already left</li><li>(D) was leaving yet</li></ul>
13. I'm hungry. I haven't had	_breakfast this morning.
(A) some (B) a (D) any	(C) no
14. Pete is man I've ever me	t.
<ul><li>(A) the most handsome</li><li>(B) most handsome</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) a most handsome</li><li>(D) most the handsome</li></ul>
15. Hea lot of time reading j	poetry.
<ul><li>(A) used to spending</li><li>(B) used to spend</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) used spending</li><li>(D) used on spending</li></ul>
16. Nick hasn't found a job	
(A) too (C) neither (B) also (D) either	
17. I'm afraid I have bad nev	ws for you.
(A) a (C) some (B) the (D) any	
18. Do you know?	
<ul><li>(A) when St Valentine's Day is</li><li>(B) when is St Valentine's Day</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) St Valentine's Day is when</li><li>(D) St Valentine's Day, when is it</li></ul>
19. The booknext year.	
<ul><li>(A) publishes</li><li>(B) is published</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) will publish</li><li>(D) will be published</li></ul>
20. I have never seen an inte	eresting film.
(A) so (C) very (B) such	(D) too

21. Wł	nen <b>are</b> you planning to leave	_ Australia?
	(A) for	(C) in
	(B) to	(D) through
22. Wł	nat when I rang you up yeste	rday?
	(A) you were doing	(C) did you do
	(B) were you doing	(D) did you
23. An	an and Alice are twins. They are very muc	·h
	(A) look like	(C) alike
	(B) like	(D) liking
24. Su	san is a very old friend of	
	(A) my	(C) me
	(B) mine	(D) her
25. W	ill you help me tothe table?	
	(A) lay	(C) lain
	(B) lie	(D) laid
26	I'll be in Paris.	
	(A) The day tomorrow	(C) After tomorrow
	(B) The day after tomorrow	(D) The day before yesterday
27. I l	naven't been to the Bolshoi theatre	many years.
	(A) since	(C) for
	(B) after	(D) while
28. M	ary hasbeautiful hair!	
	(A) such	(C) so
	(B) such a	(D) a
29. W	Vashington was in 1790.	•
•	(A) find	(C) found
	(B) finded	(D) founded
30. Y	ou'd better it at once.	
	(A) to do	(C) do
	(B) not to do	(D) doing

напишите ответ (10-15 предложений): "I am planning to visit your country next year. I would like to see as much as possible. Unfortunately, I'll be able to stay for about 10 days. What advice would you give me? Where should I go? What should I see? What time of year do you think I should come?"

3. Перед вами отрывок из письма от вашего английского друга. Прочтите его и

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### **CONVERSATION**

Ann: Do you like travelling?	
Bill: Yes, I (like)travelling very muc	ch. It (be)my hobby. I always
(take)my camera with me and (take)	
(interest)me: the rains of ancient bu	
mountains, lakes, valleys, waterfalls and even animal	
Ann: What countries (visit, you)	?
Ann: What countries (visit, you)to Italy, C	Greece, Russia and India. Some day I
(go)to the United States. My cousin (li	ive)there. She (invite)
(go)to the United States. My cousin (line several times already. W	Vhen I (have)enough
money, I (go)to the States.	•
Ann: I (be, never)	to any of these countries. When
Ann: I (be, never)in Russia?	
Bill: Two years ago.	
Ann: Did you go there alone?	
Bill: No, I (go)there with my	y father. We (visit)
Moscow and St Petersburg, the most beautiful cities	of Russia.
Ann: I (want, always)	to travel to other countries.
but I (have, not) the opportunity my childhood, but I (be, not) ;	unity. I (go)to Germany
in my childhood, but I (be, not);	anywhere since them.
2. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) выб	
1. In, there are a lot of car	accidents in the streets of big cities.
(A) a rainy weather	(C) the rainy weather
(B) rainy weather	<ul><li>(C) the rainy weather</li><li>(D) rainy weathers</li></ul>
(2) 101113 (10101101	(2) runnig weathers
2. Our English lessons at school were very borin	g. We long exercises
·	
(A) must to write	(C) had to write
(B) must write	(D) to write
3. Alice said that her parents	in a week.
(A) will come back	(C) would come back
	(D) had come back

4. Whoto take p	part in our concert?	
(A) does want	(C) want	
(B) do want	(D) wants	
5. The policeman asked me if I_	the car accident.	
(A) have seen	(C) had seen	
(B) saw	(D) had been seen	
6. Whatplaces of	of interest in St Petersburg have you visited?	
(A) another	(C) else	
(B) other	(D) others	
7. You had to stay at home yester	rday,?	
(A) isn't it	(C) hadn't you	
(B) had you	(D) didn't you	
8. I haven't seen the film yet and		
(A) neither has my brothe	r (C) neither saw my brother	
(B) my brother has neithe	r (D) neither my brother	
9. Mary has been shopping since	morning, but she hasn't bought	
(A) any	(C) nothing	
(B) something	(D) anything	
10. Isaac Newton is men in the history of science.		
(A) one of the greatest	(C) the greatest one	
(B) one of greatest	(D) the one greatest	
11. For breakfast they usually have	e cornflakes with	
(A) the milk and the suga	r (C) milks and sugars	
(B) a milk and a sugar	(D) milk and sugar	
12. Mrs Black told us		
(A) clear up the table	(C) that we clear up the table	
(B) to clear up the table	(D) we must to clear up the table	
13. There are a lot of legends about the English king William I, who is knownWilliam the Conqueror.		
(A) for	(C) like	
(B) as	(D) to	

14. By the time he was 25 Alexander the Great	the whole
East from the Mediterranean Sea to the Indu	
<ul><li>(A) was conquered</li><li>(B) had been conquered</li></ul>	(C) conquered (D) had conquered
15. Parents want their children	' -
<ul><li>(A) to be happy</li><li>(B) be happy</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) happy</li><li>(D) being happy</li></ul>
16. Many people go to Egypt	•
<ul><li>(A) in order see pyramids</li><li>(B) to see pyramids</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) so to see pyramids</li><li>(D) seeing pyramids</li></ul>
17. She wants to be a doctor	
<ul><li>(A) when she will leave school</li><li>(B) when she leaves school</li></ul>	(C) when she is leaving school (D) when she left school
18. Ann is interestedforeign1	anguages.
(A) for (B) about	(C) in (D) on
19. I know Nora Norman. Iher	at a party a couple of weeks ago.
(A) met (B) have met	(C) had met (D) was met
20. The earliest known manuscript <i>of Beowulf</i> Museum.	in the British
(A) keeps (B) kept	<ul><li>(C) is keeping</li><li>(D) is kept</li></ul>
21. The four great deserts of central Australiakilometres.	2,000,000 square
(A) covers (B) cover	<ul><li>(C) covering</li><li>(D) are covering</li></ul>
22Beethove	n was completely deaf.
<ul><li>(A) In his latest years</li><li>(B) In his last years</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) In his lasting years</li><li>(D) In his lasted years</li></ul>
23. My daughter's husband is my	
(A) brother-in-law (B) nephew	(C) cousin (D) son-in-law

7. Мой младший б	брат Майк любит давать советы с	воим друзьям.
		113811
8. Если мы не пото	рропимся, мы опоздаем на поезд.	Пасстейне серока этогр
	TROUGH - SHIPATE	97
and the second second	The American Calculation of the Control of the Cont	
9. Фильм был лучі	пе, чем мы ожидали.	nate ille Chase, et e para a do There (he)
	180 mm	diagonal Catalogue Continued and Catalogue Continued Catalogue Continued Catalogue Continued Catalogue Cat
jadi na est turba!	(seg) " and aron upolic sitra	We direction
10. Мама заставляет	г меня каждый день делать утрен	инюю зарядку.
	no booking arted about some of a	
	the second with the second	(make) (stant)
La company	The state of the s	(100 37503011
g 1003 i suomende Carlos III. San Carlos III.	to the state of th	research a most
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G. Casterville Chase.		A few Necks larer Nice
		пополнанци гроф
	matter the similar of the	2. Задания 2 вопросов и пи
		The second secon

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

### THE CANTERVILLE GHOST

When Mr Hiram B. Otis, the American Minister, (decide)to buy
Canterville Chase, everyone (tell) him that it (be) a foolish thing
to do. There (be) no doubt that a ghost (live) in the house
Indeed, Lord Canterville himself (mention)the fact to Mr Otis when they
(discuss)the sale.
"We (live, not)in the place ourselves," (say)Lord Canterville
"since the day when my grand-aunt (frighten) by the ghost. It (happen many years ago. My grand-aunt (dress) for dinner when she
many years ago. My grand-aunt (dress)for dinner when she
suddenly (feel) two skeleton hands being placed on her shoulders. The fright
(make) her very ill, and she never really recovered."
"I (believe, not)in ghosts," (say)Mr Otis.
"I (must, tell)you, Mr Otis, that the ghost (see) by severa
living members of our family, as well as by the local priest."
"My Lord," (say)Mr Otis, "I (want, buy)this house. I (come
from a modem country where everything (have)its value in
money. If there (be)such a thing as a ghost in Europe, an American (buy
it."
Lord Canterville (smile): "There really (be)a ghost. It (live
in the house for three centuries, since 1584 in fact. It always (appear
before the death of any member of our family."
"Well, so does the family doctor, no doubt, Lord Canterville."
A few weeks later Mr Otis and his family (move)to Canterville Chase.
ghost — привидение
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "The Canterville Ghost":

3. Из четырех вариантов (А), (В), (С), (	D) выберите единственно правильный:
1. Six public holidaysin Gre	at Britain.
<ul><li>(A) celebrate</li><li>(B) are celebrating</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) are celebrated</li><li>(D) are celebrate</li></ul>
2. Have you telephoned your parents	?
(A) still (B) yet	(C) while (D) else
3. Mrs Nickolas offered me	cup oftea.
<ul><li>(A) other</li><li>(B) another</li></ul>	(C) an other (D) the other
4. They didn't go to the country	the bad weather.
(A) as (B) because	<ul><li>(C) because of</li><li>(D) therefore</li></ul>
5. Don't worry. We'll looky	our children.
(A) at (B) into	(C) about (D) after
6• has lived in this house for	a long time.
<ul><li>(A) Some</li><li>(B) Nobody</li></ul>	(C) Anybody (C) Anything
7. It's the most exciting film	·
<ul><li>(A) I've ever seen</li><li>(B) I've never seen</li></ul>	(C) I've ever saw (D) I ever seen
8. The success of our picnic depends	the weather.
(A) of (B) for	(C) on (D) to
9. I wondered she would say	next.
(A) that (B) what	(C) which (D) whom
10. We to a wonderful pop co	oncert last Saturday.
(A) have gone (B) were going	(C) had gone (D) went

11. "If youall summer, you the grasshopper.	ou'll starve in the winter," said the ant to	
<ul><li>(A) sing and dance</li><li>(B) will sing and dance</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) singing and dancing</li><li>(D) would sing and dance</li></ul>	
12. Can you tell meto Tr	rafalgar Square?	
(A) the road (B) the way	<ul><li>(C) how to find</li><li>(D) how get</li></ul>	
13. I usually read a lot, but just now	anything.	
<ul><li>(A) I am reading</li><li>(B) I'm not reading</li></ul>	(C) I have read (D) I read	
14. You had to come back,	_?	
<ul><li>(A) didn't you</li><li>(B) hadn't you</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) weren't you</li><li>(D) had you</li></ul>	
15. At that moment Jack's wife came i	in and said that shethe police.	
<ul><li>(A) is going to call</li><li>(B) called</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) had called</li><li>(D) had been called</li></ul>	
16. I'm very tired. Ifor tl	nree days.	
(A) travel (B) travelled	<ul><li>(C) had travelled</li><li>(D) have been travelling</li></ul>	
17. If what you say is true, there iswe can do about it.		
<ul><li>(A) little</li><li>(B) a little</li></ul>	(C) few (D) a few	
18. Our kitten washeseve	ery hour.	
(A) him (B) his	<ul><li>(C) himself</li><li>(D) itself</li></ul>	
19. My doctor has told me		
<ul><li>(A) to stop smoke</li><li>(B) stop to smoke</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) to stop smoking</li><li>(D) to stop to smoking</li></ul>	
20. I intend to stay in bed•	10 o'clock tomorrow morning.	
(A) for (B) during	(C) while (D) till	

21. When will the conference?	
<ul><li>(A) take part</li><li>(B) take place</li></ul>	(C) take time (D) take off
22. Bad news fast.	
(A) travel (B) travels	<ul><li>(C) have travelled</li><li>(D) are travelling</li></ul>
23. I wonder to the party.	
<ul><li>(A) will they come</li><li>(B) they will come</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) if they will come</li><li>(D) that they will come</li></ul>
24. It wasn't easy for Polly a decision.	
(A) do (B) make	(C) to do (D) to make
25. Jack kissed his wife and said that he would return	rn
<ul><li>(A) as early as it would be possible</li><li>(B) at the earliest that it could be possible</li></ul>	
4. Переведите следующие предложения на англи	ійский язык:
1. Об этой пьесе сейчас много говорят. Вы ее в	видели?
2. Тебе следует отдохнуть. — Я совершенно не	е устал.
3. Моя 12-летняя дочь очень мало читает. Я не м	югу заставить ее читать больше.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### THE WINCHESTER MYSTERY

One night Mrs Joyce Boweles (drive) her car from Winchester to Chilcom
with a friend of the family, Mr Ted Pratt.
Suddenly they (see) an orange light in the sky. The car (start)
to shake and Mrs Bowels (can, not)control it. Some unknown power (lift
it, then (push)to the left, then (stop)the engine and
(switch off)the lights.
"It was then that we (see)a cigar-shaped object about five yards long
There (be)three figures inside," said Mrs Bowles. The three figures (be
the crew of the UFO. Mrs Bowles said that she (be, never)se
frightened before.
At first, the alien crew (look)like ordinary people. They (wear
silver clothes. Then an alien (come out)of the UFO. He (be
quite tall and (seem)to be about forty-five years old. He (have
long fair hair and a short beard. He (put) his arm on the roof o
the car and (look) _ at the two frightened people inside. He (have)
clear, white skin and pink eyes.
Mrs Bowles (be afraid)that the alien (kill)them, but he only
(look) at the car's instuments. Suddenly the lights (switch on)
and they (shine)four times brighter than normal. Mrs Bowles (want, say
her mouth the UFO and it
crew (disappear, already)into the night.
стем — экипаж
UFO (unidentified flying object) — НЛО
alien — зд. инопланетянин
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "The Winchester Mystery":
<del></del>

(B) have taught

(D) taught

10. Did you see the car	he bought a month ago?
(A) what (B) whom	(C) which (D) that's
11. What did you have	yesterday?
<ul><li>(A) for breakfast</li><li>(B) for a breakfast</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) for the breakfast</li><li>(D) on breakfast</li></ul>
12. This is dress I'v	e ever seen.
(A) the expensivest	(C) the most expensive
(B) the more expensive	(D) most expensive
13. My brother said that he	the car the following day.
(A) won't need	(C) wasn't needing
(B) doesn't need	(D) wouldn't need
14. I wouldn't dare to advise	to the cinema with him.
(A) that you to go	(C) you to go
(B) what you to go	(D) you go
15. Do you mindth	e window?
(A) if I open	(C) me open
(B) me to open	(D) that I open
16. Ithis book all d	ay, but I haven't finished it yet.
(A) read	(C) am reading
(B) was reading	(D) have been reading
17. Shall we go by train? — I'd	rather
(A) to	fly (C) fly
(B) fle	·
18. How long his h	ouse?
<ul><li>(A) has Mr Green had</li><li>(B) does Mr Green have</li></ul>	(C) did Mr Green have (D) has <b>Mr</b> Green been having
19. The guide told us	_the river water unboiled.
(A) to not drink (B) not to drink	(C) don't drink (D) to do not drink

3. Как только новые сведения будут получены, мы позвоним вам.

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

#### MISS EVANS

One night in April 1912, a new ocean liner was crossing the Atlantic. It (set out)
two days before and (go)to New York. It (be)the largest and fastest ship in the world called <i>Titanic</i> .
The passengers (have) a good time when the ship suddenly (hit)
an iceberg.
Everyone (tell) to come out of their rooms. Unfortunately there (be, not
enough lifeboats for all the passengers.
There (be, not)very much time left. The iceberg (be)on one
side of the ship. It (look)like a high, white wall.
A woman (come)to the side of the ship. Her two children (be)
in one of the lifeboats, and she (be) very much afraid.
"My children (be)in the lifeboat. I (must, go)with them!" the
woman (call)to the people in the lifeboat.
"There's no more room," someone (call out) "If we (take)
one more, the lifeboat (sink)"
There (be) a young woman in the lifeboat called Miss Evans. When she
(hear) the woman calling, she (stand up) in the lifeboat and (touch)
one of the men on the arm.
"Let me (get back)to the ship," she said. "This woman (must, be
with her children."
"The ship (sink) Very soon it (go down) under the water," said the man.
"I (know)it," said Miss Evans.
People (help) her to get back on the ship. Very soon after that there (be
a great noise, and the <i>Titanic</i> (go down)under the water.
<u></u>
2. Задайте 5 вопросов к тексту "Miss Evans":
2. Sabaane 2 compocoo k mekeny 14135 Evans 1
<del></del>
<del></del>
<u> </u>

1. The roomwith beautiful ye	llow roses.
(A) decorated	(C) has decorated
(B) was decorated	(D) was decorating
2. At last Sally came in to tell him that dinner	ready.
(A) is	(C) was
(B) has been	(D) is being
3. Yes, I enjoyed the play very	
(A) much	(C) a lot
(B) many	(D) a great deal
4. He wonderedif he told her the tri	uth.
(A) what will she say	(C) what would she say
(B) what she would say	(D) she would say what
5. He didn't answerhis question.	
(A) on	(C) at
(B) to	(D) —
6. I've spoken to everyone except	
(A) he	(C) him
(B) his	(D) himself
7. Mr Adams is fondspeeches in	public.
(A) to make	(C) making
(B) make	(D) of making
8. Everybodyfine weather.	
(A) likes	(C) is liking
(B) like	(D) dislike
9. I histories of the Early Roman Envery new to me in what he said.	mpire, so there was nothing
(A) read	(C) had read
(B) have read	(D) had been read

10. How long here? — Fifteen years.	
<ul><li>(A) have you been</li><li>(B) you had been</li></ul>	<ul><li>(G) are you</li><li>(D) are you being</li></ul>
11. Do you know how long to get to the	e centre?
(A) it takes (B) takes it	<ul><li>(C) does take</li><li>(D) does it take</li></ul>
12. She said that her husband was a bank manager,_	?
<ul><li>(A) wasn't he</li><li>(B) was he</li></ul>	(C) didn't he (D) didn't she
13. Ifor this company since 1995.	
(A) work (B) am working	<ul><li>(C) worked</li><li>(D) have been working</li></ul>
14. What was your favourite subject?	
<ul><li>(A) at school</li><li>(B) at the school</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) in school</li><li>(D) in the school</li></ul>
15. Who the flowers in that vase?	
<ul><li>(A) did arrange</li><li>(B) arranged</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) arrange</li><li>(D) was arranged</li></ul>
16. They haven't finished dinner	
(A) yet (B) already	(C) still (D) else
17. I've never heard fantastic story!	
(A) such (B) so	(C) such a (D) so a
18. I'll ring you up as soon as I home.	
(A) will come (B) come	(C) would come (D) came
19. I don't play hockey, but I like to watch others _	
(A) to play (B) play	(C) the play (D) to playing

Τŀ	EST 13		69
	20. I have never seen this film. —		· · ·
	(A) I haven't too (B) So have I	<ul><li>(C) Never did I</li><li>(D) Neither have I</li></ul>	
	21. Margaret's dress was madeb	lue silk.	
	(A) with (B) of	(C) off (D) out from	
	22. Tom thinks that he will find a job	·	
	(A) easy (B) easily	<ul><li>(C) with easy</li><li>(D) easiest</li></ul>	
23. Will you help me tothe table, Mary?			
	(A) lay (B) lie	(C) lain (D) laid	
	24. The last studentnow.		
	<ul><li>(A) examines</li><li>(B) is examined</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) is being examined</li><li>(D) had been examined</li></ul>	
	25. A hot lemon drink with honey is very good	la cold.	
	(A) to (B) from	(C) with (D) for	
	4. Переведите следующие предложения на	английский язык:	
	1. Родители хотят, чтобы их дети были доб	брыми и честными.	· 
	2. Джон не говорит ни по-немецки, ни по-	французски.	·
_	3. Что ты собираешься делать сегодня веч	ером? — Я еще не решил.	<del></del>
<b>-</b>			·-

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1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени:

## AN INTERVIEW FOR A JOB

	ıy I had an ımportant ınterviev	v 101 a job. 1 (get up)	
o'clock in the mo	orning and (shave)	v for a job. I (get up) carefully. I (put on)	_my best
jacket and trou	sers. I (must, travel)	by train, so	(walk)
	he station.	The and I recolors swall (d)	
On my way I	(see) a man who (p	aint) his fence with r	ed paint.
The man (notice.	not) me: he (look)	at the fence. Then	he (turn)
suc	ddenly and (splash)	aint) his fence with r  at the fence. Then  my beautiful trousers! T	he man
(apologise)	to me, but the damage (a	already, do)	
"If I (go)	home, I (be late)	for the interview,"	(think)
. Th	nere (be) a departi	ment store not far from the state	ion, so I
(decide)	to buy a new pair.	and the second and adjusted second	A
I (find)	a nice pair of trousers and s	ince I (be) in a hurry, I	(decide)
to c	hange on the train. The shop (be	ince I (be)in a hurry, l )full, so I (pay)	
hurriedly for my	trousers, (take) my	shopping bag and (leave)	
I (arrive)	at the station just in	shopping bag and (leave)_time to catch the train. Now I	(be sure)
tha	t I (be late, not)	for the interview. are) at my trousers	(smile)
hap	pily at an elderly lady who (sta	are) at my trousers	and (go)
to t	he toilet to change. I (throw)	my stained trousers of	out of the
to t	he toilet to change. I (throw)	my stained trousers o	out of the
window. Then	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open)the bag a pink woollen sweater!	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all	out of the I (find)
window. Then	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open)the bag a pink woollen sweater!	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open)the bag a pink woollen sweater!	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  5 вопросов κ тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  Б вопросов к тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
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window. Then was	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  Б вопросов к тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)
to t window. Thenwas  2. 3adaŭme 5	he toilet to change. I (throw) I (open) the bag a pink woollen sweater!  Б вопросов к тексту "An Interv	my stained trousers of to get my new ones, but all viewfor a Job ":	out of the I (find)

3. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D)	выберите единственно правильный:
1. Can you imaginein 2050?	•
(A) what life will be like	(C) what will be life like
(B) what will be life	(D) what life was like
2. The Internent isinventions in	history.
(A) one of the most important	(C) one most important
(B) one of most important	(D) one of the importantest
3. Many of Agatha Christie's novels	·
(A) made into films	(C) have been made into films
(B) have made into films	(D) into films were made
4. Let's go to the disco,?	
(A) don't we	(C) won't we
(B) let us	(D) shall we?
5. Ann was standing at the bus stop waiting_	a number 41 bus.
(A) for	(C) at
(B) —	(D) to
6. There aren'teasy ways of	learning a foreign language.
(A) some	(C) any
(B) no	(D) the
7. He said that heSpielberg's n	ew film yet.
(A) hasn't seen	(C) hadn't seen
(B) didn't see	(D) wasn't seen
8. Mother told methe door to a	nyone.
(A) not open	(C) not open
(B) that I won't open	(D) not to open
9. Doctors helppeople.	
(A) ill	(C) dead
(B) sick	(D) serious
10. Ithis car for a year.	
(A) have	(C) am having
(B) have had	(D) have been having

11. When	in London?	
(A) have you arrived (B) did you arrive		(C) you have arrived (D) you arrived
12. I enjoyed	very much at Ann's	party.
<ul><li>(A) myself</li><li>(B) oneself</li></ul>	,	(C) self (D) me
13. I'm sorry I'm late. It's all	my	
(A) fault (B) guilt		(C) crime (D) shortcoming
14. It's the restaurant	serves Chines	e food.
(A) who (B) what		(C) that (D) is
15. Many Scottish people English.	use sor	ne Scottish words when they speak
(A) yet (B) already		(C) still (D) else
16. It's time		
<ul><li>(A) that we have a broak</li><li>(B) to have a break</li></ul>	reak	<ul><li>(C) we will have break</li><li>(D) having a break</li></ul>
17. I don't want	there alone.	
<ul><li>(A) that you go</li><li>(B) you going</li></ul>		(C) you go (D) you to go
18. Hamlet,	"To be or not to be, tha	nt is the question."
(A) told (B) talked		(C) said (D) spoke
19. Our teacher	the text again.	
<ul><li>(A) made us to read</li><li>(B) make us read</li></ul>		(C) made us reading (D) made us read
20. I find it difficult to talk to	o Alan because we have	e so in common.
(A) few (B) small		(C) little (D) less

21. How long Spanish?	1. What
<ul><li>(A) you study</li><li>(B) have you studying</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) have you been studied</li><li>(D) have you been studying</li></ul>
22. Dolphins are so intelligent	that they can communicate with people.
(A) that (B) than	(C) as (D) because
23. My father gave up	three weeks ago.
(A) to smoke (B) smoke	(C) smoking (D) smokes
24. Millions of people study English	a foreign language.
(A) for (B) like	(C) as (D) because
25. My father always gives me	- Print of a
<ul><li>(A) good advices</li><li>(B) the good advice</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) a good advice</li><li>(D) good advice</li></ul>
4. Напишите 10-15 предложений на с	одну из предложенных ниже тем:
1. The advantages and disadvantages of	The end of
2. What does the future hold?	The Internet.
3. Our planet is our home.	them.
4. We are what we eat.	
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Annual to provide annual research and a second		

1. Раскройте скобки, употребив глаголы в нужном времени

## GOOD LUCK, CARL!

Carl Osbourne lives in Glasgow. He (ought, be) in The Guinness Book of
Records because he (have) a terrible time this year.
The trouble (start) one fine morning at the beginning of January when Carl
(find) that his car (disappear) from his garage. He (see, not)
it since that time!
In February he (buy)a new car, but he (have, not)it for more
than two weeks when he (crash)into a lamp-post.
Three days ago Carl (sit) on a seat that (paint) only a few minutes
before. He (wear) a brand-new suit that he (buy) only the previous week.
In the summer Carl (spend) his holiday at the seaside. When he (arrive)
home, he (discover) that his house (break into). His
television and video-recorder (disappear)
Now poor Carl (know, not) what he (do) to deserve this bad
luck. He just (hope) that his luck (change) soon.
2. Поставьте вопросы к следующим предложениям:  1. She doesn't like English food. (What?)
2. Something fell on the floor. (What?)
3. We used to live in a small village. (Where?)

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динственно пра	вильный:
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a piano. A	And wha
	Why?)  — а piano. A

4 the a	udience5 into a storm	of applause. I was6 that I
didn't know whether	I was drinking tea or coffee. I st	ood up, went up to the dog's master
and7	8voice:	
		very talented dog here! It's the first
time9	_10performance!	
The dog's master	smiled11me mysteriou	isly and whispered:
	nto a little secret:12th	e only three pieces he can play, but
hush! Keep it dark!"		·
	•	
1	(A) it was	(C) there was
	(B) there has been	(D) there
2	(A) near to mine	(C) next me
	(B) next to mine	(D) next mine
•		
3	(A) begin to play	(C) began play
	(B) began playing	(D) start play
4	(A) When he had finished	(C) When he has finished
	(B) When he was finished	(D) When he finishes
5	(A) have burst out	(C) burst out
J	(B) has burst out	(D) was burst out
	(B) has burst out	(D) was burst out
6.	(A) such an amazed	(C) such amazed
	(B) amazed such	(D) so amazed
	(= / :	(2) 50 amazea
7.	(A) told	(C) said him
<del></del> _	(B) said	(D) told to him
8	(A) in a trembling	(C) at a trembling
	(B) with trembling	(D) of a trembling
	/AN 7	
9	(A) Isaw	(C) I had seen
	(B) I'm seeing	(D) I have seen
10	(A) so	(C) such
10	(B) such a	(D) so a
	(D) such a	(D) 50 a
11	(A) to	(C) on
	(B) at	(D) —
	Name of the state	

12	(A) it is	(C) these are
	(B) there are	(D) they

- 4. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (C) выберите один, который ближе всего по значению к данному примеру:
  - 1. The book cost \$3.65, and he had only \$2.40.
    - (A) He had more than enough money to pay for the book.
    - (B) The book cost more than he had with him.
    - (C) He had just enough money to pay for the book.
    - (D) He needed two more dollars to pay for the book.
  - 2. No one but Nick knew the answer to the question.
    - (A) The question could not be answered by anyone.
    - (B) Everyone knew how to answer the question.
    - (C) Nick was the only one who couldn't answer the question.
    - (D) Only Nick could answer the question.
  - 3. Could you give me a hand with this exercise?
    - (A) Please give me your hand.
    - (B) Would you help me to do this exercise?
    - (C) Please let me do this exercise myself.
    - (D) Please do this exercise for me.
  - 4. Helen exchanged the jeans for a different pair.
    - (A) Helen returned the jeans and took a pair of shoes instead.
    - (B) Helen took the jeans back to the shop and got some different ones.
    - (C) The jeans didn't fit properly so Helen returned them.
    - (D) Helen didn't like the jeans at home so she returned them.
  - 5. My father broke his glasses so he couldn't read the newspaper.
    - (A) My father was not able to read the newspaper because he had broken his glasses.
    - (B) My father could have read the newspaper if he hadn't had to wash the glasses.
    - (C) My father won't go to work tomorrow because he must go to the optometrist.
    - (D) My father cut himself on some broken glass.

- 6. I found it very difficult to learn that poem by heart.
  - (A) It was hard for me to learn the poem.
  - (B) I learned that difficult poem.
  - (C) I found the poem after a difficult search.
  - (D) It was hard for me to find a good poem to learn by heart.
- 7. I would rather listen to Mozart than rock music.
  - (A) I like listening to all kinds of music.
  - (B) I prefer music to studying rocks.
  - (C) I prefer Mozart to rock music.
  - (D) I don't like Mozart as much as I like rock music.
- 8. Flats are very expensive and we can't afford to buy one.
  - (A) The flats are too simple to cost so much.
  - (B) It is easy to pay for a nice flat.
  - (C) We don't have enough money for a new flat because of the high price.
  - (D) We can afford a new flat now, but not next year.
- 9. When the lesson began, there were a dozen students in the classroom, but by the end of the lesson the number doubled.
  - (A) After the lesson had begun, some of the brazen students entered the classroom.
  - (B) There were three dozen students by the end of the lesson.
  - (C) There were 24 students in the classroom by the end of the lesson.
  - (D) The dozen people in the classroom were doubling as students.
- 10. Mary could hardly find her mother in the overcrowded shop.
  - (A) Mary could easily find her mother in the overcrowded shop.
  - (B) Mary couldn't find her mother in the overcrowded shop.
  - (C) Because the shop was overcrowded, Mary and her mother couldn't enter it.
  - (D) Mary had some difficulty finding her mother.

1. Из четырех вариантов (А), (В), (С), (D) выберите единственно правильный:

## A. RUSSUA'S FIRST SURGEON

t	ne story2	Alexander Kuprin "The Wond	derful Doctor"?
surgeon and clinician	ı? He4	out Nikolai Pirogov, a great resear _an ordinary man.	
At 18, he	5 <b>6_</b> _	Moscow University; at 22 he	e7
a Doctor of Science;	at 26 he8	a Professor at Derpt (now Tar	rtu) University,
9 in I	Europe at that time;	at 30 he10Russia	i's first surgery
clinic.			
To this day Pirog	gov's methods are _	the basic methods in	the study and
12 . anato	my.		
		to proclaim disease prevention	
		: "The future15	16
preventive medicine.'			101
		ovskaya Street, stop and	
monument to this gre	at man. He2	a scientist of genius even	in his lifetime.
1	(A) Are you reading		
	(B) Did you read	(D) Have you read	
2	(A) by	(C) from	
<u> </u>	(B) about	(D) to	
•	(D) 45041	(2) 10	
3.	(A) know	(C) to be known	
	(B) knowing	(D) to know	ı
	· ·		
4	(A) isn't	(C) was no	
	(B) wasn't	(D) hasn't been	
5	(A) graduate	(C) was graduated	
	(B) graduated	(D) has graduated	
6	(A)	(C) from	•
6	(A)— (B) at	(D) for	

7	(A) grew	(C) began
	(B) turned	(D) became
8	(A) was	(C) been
	(B) were	(D) had been
9.	(A) one of largest	(C) one of the largest
,	(B) one of larger	(D) largest one
10.	(A) was head	(C) was headed
	(B) was the head	(D) headed
11	(A) among	(C) beside
	(B) between	(D) below
12.	(A) teach	(C) teaching
12.	(B) teacher	(D) teachers
13.	(A) first man in the world	(C) a man of the world
13 <u>_</u>	(B) the first man in the world	(D) world first man
14	(A) wrote	(C) was written
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(B) was writing	(D) writed
15.	(A) is belonging	(C) will <b>be</b> belonged
10.	(B) belong	(D) belongs
16	(A) to	(C) among
10.	(B) for	(D) of
17	(A) some	(C) nobody
1	(B) no	(D) anybody
18.	(A) happen being	(C) happen be
	(B) happen to be	(D) be happen
19	(A) see at	(C) have a look
-/·	(B) look	(D) look at
20	(A) called	(C) was calling
	(B) was called	(D) is called

### **B.** A VISIT TO A CONCERT

3 She e	ntered 4 the hall and music. She had listened for a	the concert her seat. Theorehestra while before she7 her	
neighbour: "What10 the fi	8 ?" " 9 syn rst eight!" exclaimed the lady.	nphony," he answered. "Oh, dear! I	
1	(A) to (B) for	(C) at (D) in	
2	(A) come (B) comes	(C) came (D) navi come	
3	<ul><li>(A) is already beginning</li><li>(B) is already begun</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) had begun yet</li><li>(D) had already begun</li></ul>	
4	(A) in (B) into	(C) to (D) —	
5	(A) finded (B) found	(C) founded (D) was found	
6	<ul><li>(A) was playing</li><li>(B) was played</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) had played</li><li>(D) has been playing</li></ul>	
7	(A) had asked (B) asked	(C) would ask (D) ask	
8	<ul><li>(A) do they play</li><li>(B) they are playing</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) they have played</li><li>(D) are they playing</li></ul>	
9	(A) the nine (B) ninth	(C) the ninth (D) a ninth	
10	<ul><li>(A) have missed</li><li>(B) had missed</li></ul>	(C) was missed (D) am missing	
2. Поставьте вопросы к следующим предложениям:			
1. Penicillin was	s discovered by Alexander Fleming	g. (Who?)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

3. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) выберите ошибочный:
1. You have been in London three times, haven't you? (A) (B) (C) (D)
2. My friends will meet me when I will arrive at the airport.  (A) (B) (C) (D)
3. Columbus Day is celebrated on the twelve of October because on that day in  (A) " (B) (C) (D)  1492, Christopher Columbus first landed in the Americas.
4. In ancient times and throughout the Middle Ages, many people believed that  (A) (B)  the earth is motionless.  (C) (D)
5. This documentary, which was first shown on BBC 2 last year, will be repeat on (A) (B) (C) (D)  BBC 1 next week.
6. The Amazon valley is extremely important to the ecology of the earth, because 40  (A)  per cent of the world's oxygen produce there.  (B) (C) (D)
7. The water in the Great Salt Lake is at less four times saltier than sea water.  (A) (B) (C) (D)
8. My office is in the centre of Moscow, so I am usually going to work by car.  (A) (B) (C) (D)
9. I'm trying to teach oneself to play the guitar but I'm not making much progress.  (A) (B) (C) (D)
10. This town isn't very well-known and there isn't many to see, so few tourists come here.  (A) (B) (C) (D)

1. Из четырех вариантов (А), (В), (С), (D) выберите единственно правильный:

### A. JACK JAMEISON

in the state of	Georgia.	Young Ja	meison	3	b
					e was jus
ver as any boy of	`his	7	·		
nt8	the	village	9	to	buy some
oranges, jam, an	d finally,	five cent	s worth of	cheese. T	The owner
10	so sma	ll a piece	of cheese. ]	He said t	hat he jus
dge the size of a	five-cent p	iece of ch	eese.		
ten cent	s worth,"_	13	<u>Ja</u>	ck Jamei	son.
satisfied now,	1	7	_young man	?" he ask	ted.
18fi	ve cents of	n the	19	and	said:
oiece20_	h	alf."			
(A) named		(C)	whose name	e	
` '					
•		, ,			
(A) left		(C)	inhabited		
(B) lived		(D)	resident		
(A) judged		(C)	was judged		
(B) had judged		(D)	was judging	3	
(A) somebody		(C)	any		
(B) some		(D)	anyone		
` /		` '			
(B) little		(D)	few		
(A) so		(C)	0.0		
		`~`			
	in the state of the villagers to ver as any boy of the state of a	in the state of Georgia. the villagers to be ver as any boy of his nt	in the state of Georgia. Young Jathe villagers to be5	in the state of Georgia. Young Jameison the villagers to be5foolish ver as any boy of his7	ten cents worth,"13Jack Jamei14

7	(A) old	(C) years old
	(B) age	(D) ages
8	(A) to (B) in	(C) for (D) through
9	<ul><li>(A) post-office</li><li>(B) department</li></ul>	(C) store (D) school
10	(A) selling (B) sell	(C) sale (D) sales
11	(A) cannot (B) could	(C) couldn't (D) couldn't to
12	(A) to give me (B) give to me	(C) give (D) give me
13	(A) told (B) spoke	(C) talked (D) said
14	(A) than (B) then	(C) there (D) that
15	(A) cut (B) cutted	(C) had cut (D) was cutting
16	(A) Are you (B) You are	(C) Were you (D) Is you
17	(A) the (B) a	(C) an (D) –
18	(A) laid (B) lain	(C) lay (D) lied
19	(A) customer (B) counter	(C) desk (D) floor
20	(A) at (B) for	(C) in (D) on

### **B. A TALKATIVE LADY**

the captain3_ was a5r One afternoon she	nan and6	ans	wer all her	questions			
the ocean?"			**	1 —			C
The captainas if	8and a 10ha			special,	madam.	The	iceberg
1	(A) Between (B) Among			In front ) Beyond			
2	(A) it was (B) she was		, ,	there wa			
3	(A) lots (B) lots of		, ,	a lot a great r	úmber		
4	(A) with (B)	from	(C) (D)	of because	of		
5	(A) well-bred (B) ill-bred			absent-n left-han			
6	(A) must (B) had to		, ,	could should			
7	(A) meets (B) will meet		` /	would n			
8•	(A) smiles (B) smiled		, ,	was smi had smi	-		
9	(A) goes (B) went			was goi will go			
10	(A) some (B) something	7		anything nothing			
2. Поставьте во	просы к следую longs to the Eme						

(When?)
FOR STIPPING IN A STATE OF THE
Where?)
vmaal (A)
mogdistai (S))
4. This righway leve counsels by
ow long?)
Notes and amount tank of the second of the s
and autolini maki at foliasi a
(B) an original .
The British the Oueen is "In the Cite cannot who go, or
eles (A) escupil etc
g pat (fa mi ve tum akted). 8
(Iffirms (A.)
о правильный (наиболее точно

<ul><li>2. The biography is a very popular form of prose.</li><li>(A) science fiction</li><li>(B) poetry</li></ul>	. (C) historical work (D) writing	
3. I like Mark Twain's <u>humorous</u> stories.		
<ul><li>(A) funny</li><li>(B) intelligent</li></ul>	(C) artistic (D) interesting	
4. This railway line connects Moscow and St Peter	rsburg.	-
<ul><li>(A) separates</li><li>(B) divides</li></ul>	(C) links (D) serves	
5. Most students <u>hate</u> exams.	_	
<ul><li>(A) fear</li><li>(B) strongly dislike</li></ul>	(C) fail (D) find pleasant	
6. I think he is an <u>imitator</u> , not a creator.		
(A) a copier (B) an originator	(C) a burglar (D) a writer	
7. In Britain the Queen is the formal head of state, the cabinet who govern.	but it is the prime minister an	d
(A) rule (B) choose	(C) advise (D) watch	
8. Sharks must swim all the time to avoid sinking.		
(A) swiftly (B) often	(C) accurately (D) constantly	
9. The number of <u>unemployed</u> people in our coun	try is increasing.	
<ul><li>(A) working</li><li>(B) well-to do</li></ul>	(C) jobless (D) educated	
10. It is a school for gifted children.		·
(A) talented (B) ordinary	(C) blind (D) handicapped	

7. Прочтите текст "A Story About Forks" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### A STORY ABOUT FORKS

In 1608 an Englishman whose name was Thomas Coryate visited Italy. He liked the country and noted down every interesting thing he found. But there was one thing which he found more interesting than the others. In his diary Thomas wrote, "When the Italians eat meat, they use small forks. They do not eat with hands because, as they say, people do not always have clean hands."

Before leaving for England, Thomas Coryate bought a few forks.

At home Thomas gave a dinner party to show the invention to his friends. When the servants brought the steak, he took out a fork and began to eat like they did in Italy.

Everybody looked at him in surprise. When he told his friends what it was, they all wanted to take a good look at the strange thing. All his friends said that the Italians were very strange people because the fork was very inconvenient.

Thomas Coryate tried to prove the opposite. He said it was not nice to eat meat with one's fingers because they were not always clean.

Everybody got angry at that. Did Mr Coryate think that people in England always had dirty hands? And weren't the ten fingers we had enough for us?

Thomas Coryate wanted to show that it was very easy to use the fork. But the first piece of meat he took with the fork fell to the floor. His friends began to laugh and he had to take the fork away.

Only fifty years later did people in England begin to use forks.

#### Вопросы к тексту:

- 1. Why did Thomas Corvate bring forks to England?
  - (A) He wanted to make his friends surprised.
  - (B) He believed it was not nice to eat meat with fingers.
  - (C) Forks were beautiful.
  - (D) He wanted to make business selling forks.

<ul><li>(A) They believed that was bad manners.</li><li>(B) Nobody ate meat with hands in England.</li><li>(C) Everybody thought it was an amazing invention.</li><li>(D) Nobody had seen a fork before.</li></ul>	
3. Coryate's friends	
<ul><li>(A) began to eat meat with forks at once.</li><li>(B) became ashamed of eating meat with their hands.</li><li>(C) didn't like the forks.</li><li>(D) didn't pay any attention to the forks.</li></ul>	
4. Why did the first piece of meat fall to the floor when Thomas took it	with the fork?
<ul><li>(A) The fork was very inconvenient to use.</li><li>(B) The fork was bad.</li><li>(C) Thomas was not used to eating with a fork.</li><li>(D) The steak was too tough.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5. When did people in England begin to use forks?</li> <li>(A) In 1658.</li> <li>(B) In 1568.</li> <li>(C) In 1856.</li> <li>(D) In 1685.</li> </ul>	
2. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) выберите единственно п	равильный:
1. You are so intelligent! How many languages?	
(A) are you speaking (C) do you speak (B) you speak (D) speak you	
2. During his second voyage to America Christopher Columbussome islands of the West Indies.	
(A) found out (C) invented (B) founded (D) discovered	
3. You'll find your way to the village without difficulty	
(A) if you will have a map (B) if you had a map (C) if you have a m (D) if you're having	-

4. Nobody likes talking to Bill because he is fond	of giving
<ul><li>(A) a useless advice</li><li>(B) useless advices</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) useless advice</li><li>(D) some useless advices</li></ul>
5 Hemingway lived mostly in Cuba who Man and the Sea.	ere he wrote The Old
<ul><li>(A) In his later years</li><li>(B) In his latter years</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) In his lasted years</li><li>(D) In his lasting years</li></ul>
6. Andrew promised to be here at six <b>o'clock</b> yeste?	erday. Do you know what time
<ul><li>(A) did he come</li><li>(B) does he come</li></ul>	(C) he came (D) he did come
7. I was very busy last week. I couldn't even find t	he time to watch the news on
<ul><li>(A) Nor I could.</li><li>(B) Neither could I.</li></ul>	(C) So could I. (D) I neither.
8. Unfortunately I've never seen Mary first place at the competition last year.	They say she took the
<ul><li>(A) to dance</li><li>(B) dance</li></ul>	(C) dances (D) is dancing
9. They want their _ to become a doctor. that she can be against it.	They don't even think
<ul><li>(A) fifteen years old girl</li><li>(B) fifteen-years girl</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) fifteen-year-old girl</li><li>(D) a fifteen-year-aged girl</li></ul>
10. Our literature teacher a lot of poen	ns by heart.
<ul><li>(A) makes us to learn</li><li>(B) makes that we learn</li></ul>	(C) makes us learning (D) makes us learn
1 1 . It doesn't take me long to get to work	because I live _ the office.
(A) near (B) nearly	(C) near to (D) close
12. In Washington no building may be more the city's many monuments from view.	re than 40 metres tall _
<ul><li>(A) so as to hide not</li><li>(B) so not to hide</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) for not hiding</li><li>(D) in order not to hide</li></ul>
	•

13. Ac	cording to the manager's order you	wear jeans in	n the office.
	(A) needn't	(C) may not	
	(B) mustn't	(D) don't have to	
14. A f	riend of mine would never let her children_	a pet	in the flat.
	(A) keeping	(C) keep	
	(B) to keep	(D) kept	
15. My	sister phoned yesterday and she told me that	t she	_a house.
	(A) has bought	(C) had bought	
	(B) bought	(D) will buy	
16. Wh	nich of youhow to spell this v	word?	
	(A) knows	(C) does know	
	(B) know	(D) do know	
17. I do	on't knowabout it.	•	
	(A) something	(C) nothing	
	(B) anything	(D) none	
18. My	sister used to spend hours talking to somebo	ody	_the phone.
	(A) through	(C) with	
	(B) on	(D) at	
19. The	e first modern Olympic Games took place in	Greece in 1896,	?
	(A) did they	(C) isn't it	
	(B) didn't it	(D) didn't they	
20. We	travel everywheretrain because	e my wife is afraid	l of flying by air.
	(A) by	(C) by the	
	(B) on	(D) in the	
21. Ma	ry was supposed to write an essay yesterday	but she hasn't done	e it
	(A) since	(C) still	
	(B) already	(D) yet	
	anted to discuss a very important problem we because he	rith John but he cou	uldn't talk
		(C) didn't have m	uuch timo
	<ul><li>(A) didn't have a lot time</li><li>(B) had few time</li></ul>	(C) didn't have m (D) had a little tin	
	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	( ) <del>u</del> 110010 th	-

23. When Albert Einstein went to school, mental abilities.	thought much of	fhis
<ul><li>(A) nor his parents nor his teachers</li><li>(B) neither his parents nor his teachers</li><li>(C) neither his parents and his teachers</li><li>(D) neither his parents or his teachers</li></ul>	ect automorphis automorphis a	
24. He is very experienced because he has been	working here	six years.
(A) since (B) for	(C) during (D) by	ad arc e
25, London is one of the oldest		
(A) In my opinion	(C) For my mind	rusa nii: U i
(B) In my mind	(D) By my opinion	
3. Переведите следующие предложения на а	нглийский язык:	
1. Здоровье и счастье важнее денег.		
2. Я жду вас с девяти часов утра. Почему в	вы всегда опаздываете?	
3. Я не люблю чай с сахаром. — A я люблю	).	
4. Я только что прочитал очень смешную к	хнигу. Я могу дать ее вам,	если хотите.
5. Он даже не открывает учебник. Интерест	но, сдаст ли он экзамен?	
6. Разве вы не знаете, что вода закипает пр	и 100°С?	

96	TEST_18_
7. Когда будет опубликована эта статья?	
8. Когда я вернулся домой, мои родители уже спали.	
9. Это был самый дешевый отель, который мы могли найти.	
10. На вашем месте я бы пользовался словарем гораздо чаще.	

/. Прочтите текст "Health Tips For Travellers" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### **HEALTH TIPS FOR TRAVELLERS**

Travel is fun. Travel is exciting. But it's not fun or exciting if you get ill. You may think, "Not me. I won't fall ill on my holiday!" But, for many people, that is what happens.

Of course you do not want to spend **your** holiday ill in bed. If you have heart trouble, you don't want to make it worse. So what can you do to stay in good health? There are three things you should remember when you travel: relax, sleep and eat well.

A holiday is supposed to be a time for relaxing. But to our regret very often it is not. Think about what you do when you are a tourist. There are so many places to visit: museums, shops, parks and churches. You may spend most days walking around these places. This can be very tiring. Your feet may hurt. You've got a terrible headache after a few hours. If this is the way you feel, you should take a rest. Do not ask your body to do too much. A tired body means a weak body. And a weak body gets ill easily. So sit down for a few hours in a nice spot. In good weather, look for a quiet park bench. Or you can stop at a cafe. You can learn a lot by watching people while you rest.

You should not forget about sleep. If you want to stay healthy you need to get a good night's rest. You may have trouble sleeping at night when you travel. Your hotel room may be noisy or the bed may be uncomfortable. If this is true, don't hesitate to change rooms or hotels. Or, you may not get enough sleep for another reason. In many cities the nightlife can be very exciting. You may want to stay out late at night. In this case you should plan to sleep for an hour during the day. That extra hour can make a big difference.

Finally, if you want to stay in good shape, you must eat well. That means eating the right kinds of food. Your body needs fresh fruit and vegetables, and some meat, milk or cheese. No doubt when you are in a new country, you will wish to try new food. But you need to be careful about how much you eat. Try to avoid eating lots of rich food.

So, remember this: if you want to **enjoy** your holiday, take good care of yourself. Give your body some rest. Get enough sleep and eat good, healthy food.

## Вопросы к тексту:

1. This passage is about	
<ul><li>(A) what to eat when you travel.</li><li>(B) relaxing when you travel.</li><li>(C) how exciting travel is.</li><li>(D) how to stay healthy when you travel.</li></ul>	
2. A holiday is not fun if	
<ul><li>(A) you are reluctant to go.</li><li>(B) you are suddenly taken ill.</li><li>(C) you spend most days doing the sights.</li><li>(D) have trouble sleeping at night.</li></ul>	
•	
3. Sightseeing is	
<ul><li>(A) the best way to relax.</li><li>(B) never any fun.</li><li>(C) very tiring.</li><li>(D) unhealthy.</li></ul>	
4. It's a good idea	
<ul><li>(A) to spend holidays in other countries.</li><li>(B) to get some rest every day.</li><li>(C) not to take very long holidays.</li><li>(D) to keep your first-aid kit handy when you are on holiday.</li></ul>	
5. You can fall ill more easily if	
<ul><li>(A) you are tired.</li><li>(B) you stay out late at night.</li><li>(C) you are sleepy.</li><li>(D) you sleep an extra hour during the day.</li></ul>	
6. Your body needs sleep	
<ul><li>(A) to enjoy the nightlife.</li><li>(B) to keep fit.</li><li>(C) not to spoil your appetite.</li><li>(D) to be strong enough to go sightseeing.</li></ul>	
	<u></u>

7. When you travel you should eat	
<ul><li>(A) something different.</li><li>(B) more frequently.</li><li>(C) fresh fruit and vegetables.</li><li>(D) lots of rich food.</li></ul>	• .
8. For good health you need	
<ul><li>(A) to travel much.</li><li>(B) to lead an active life.</li><li>(C) to get enough sleep.</li><li>(D) to eat a lot of rich food.</li></ul>	,
2. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D)	выберите единственно правильный:
A. WILLIAM TH	ACKERAY
William Thackeray was born in 1811 in him to England where he2his House School. Then he went to Cambridg He4 an artist.  As he had some5 he went to travelling.  When he6 to England he was other works of satirical character. He was articles.  Soon 8, Vanity Fair, began to came another novel, and in 1851 he becan he chose The English Humorists of the Eigney popular in London 9 Thackeray wrote some other novels an11 This distinguished novelist displacements.	early training at the famous Charter te, but3to take his degree. To the Continent and spent some time as compelled to turn his attention to numorous tales and sketches and some as also a clever writer of magazine appear in a monthly magazine. Then me a public lecturer. For his lectures ghteenth Century. These lectures were keray10these lectures in and became very popular and famous
1(A) At seven (B) At the age of seven	<ul><li>(C) When he had seven years</li><li>(D) When he was seven years</li></ul>
2 (A) receives (B) received	(C) had received (D) was receiving

get 3. But the sides of the well were high, and he

goat who came to the well. The goat saw the fox and asked, "What\_\_\_\_\_7\_\_\_

there for a long time he heard a noise. That was a

the top.

After the fox

not

the goat had got in		fresh. Come down e fox, and jumped down. After up the goat's back and got out of	
1	<ul><li>(A) looking after</li><li>(B) looking for</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) looking at</li><li>(D) looking into</li></ul>	
2	(A) fell (B) had fallen	(C) failed (D) was falling	
3	(A) from (B) out of	(C) off (D) out	
4	(A) might (B) could	(C) should (D) ought	
5	(A) get (B) approach to	(C) reach (D) come up	
6	<ul><li>(A) was being</li><li>(B) has been</li></ul>	(C) is (D) had been	
7	<ul><li>(A) you are doing</li><li>(B) do you do</li></ul>	(C) did you do (D) are you doing	
8	(A) drink (B) drank	(C) am drinking (D) am drunk	
9	(A) so (B) enough	(C) such (D) much	
10	<ul><li>(A) silly enough</li><li>(B) enough silly</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) silly very much</li><li>(D) so silly</li></ul>	
3. Выполните письменно следующее задание:			
Write a short paragraph (10-12 sentences) about your favourite singer or pop group.			

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1. Прочтите текст "Acid Rains" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### **ACID RAINS**

Every year **more** and more plants and animals disappear never to be seen again. Strangely, it is the most intelligent but most thoughtless animal that is causing most of the problems — man. Nature is very carefully balanced and if this balance is disturbed, animals can disappear alarmingly fast. Every day, thousands of species of animals draw closer to extinction. There are countless number of species which may become extinct before they are even discovered.

In many lakes the fish are dying. Fishermen are worried because every year there are fewer fish and some lakes have **no** fish at all. Scientists **are** beginning to get worried too. What is killing the fish?

The problem is acid rain. Acid rain is a kind of air pollution. It is caused by factories that burn coal or oil or gas. These factories send smoke high into the air. The wind often carries the smoke far from the factories. Some of the harmful substances in the smoke may come down with the rain hundreds of miles away.

The rain in many places isn't natural and clean any more. It's full of acid chemicals. When it falls in lakes, it changes them too. The lakes become more acidic. Acid water is like vinegar or lemon juice. It hurts when it gets in your eyes. It also kills the plants and animals that usually live in lake water. That is why the fish are dying in lakes.

But dead **fish** may be just the beginning of the problem. Scientists are finding other effects of acid rain. In some large areas trees are dying. Not just one tree here and there, but **whole** forests. At first scientists couldn't understand why. There were no bugs or diseases in these trees. The weather was not dry. But now they think that the rain was the cause. Acid rain is **making** the earth more acidic in these areas. Some kinds of trees cannot live in the soil that is very acidic.

Now scientists are also beginning to study the effects of acid rain on larger animals. For example, they believe that some deer in Poland are less healthy because of acid rain. If deer are hurt by the rain, what about people? This is the question many people are beginning to ask. No one knows the answer yet. But it is an important question for us all.

#### Вопросы к тексту:

- 1. This passage is about
  - (A) fishing.
  - (B) acid rain.
  - (C) air pollution.
  - (D) destructive human activity.
- 2. Every year thousands of species of animals
  - (A) are hunted for their meat and skins.
  - (B) migrate to other places.
  - (C) starve to death.
  - (D) die out.
- 3. Acid rain is caused by
  - (A) natural gas.
  - (B) the ozone layer depletion.
  - (C) acidic lake water.
  - (D) emissions of industrial enterprises.
- 4. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) Dead fish in lakes is the only problem caused by acid rains.
  - (B) Scientists are sure that acid rains are not harmful for mankind.
  - (C) If we don't make an attempt to stop acid rains we may never see some animals again.
  - (D) There's no reason to worry about several trees that died of some unknown disease.
- 5. What was not mentioned in the text?
  - (A) Acid rain is capable of dissolving some rocks and stones.
  - (B) Fish are unable to live in the water containing acidic chemicals.
  - (C) Coal, oil or gas form dangerous combinations after being burnt.
  - (D) Scientists reckon that if some larger animals can be affected by acid rains, people may be in great danger.

6. Factory	smoke	•	
(B) (C)	stays <b>over</b> the factories. is usually clean now. <b>turns</b> into air. can travel hundreds of miles.	·	
7. Scientist	ts think acid rain		
(B) (C)	is killing people. helps kill bugs. fertilizes the soil. is killing trees.		
	d bug in this context means		
(B) (C)	an <b>infectuous</b> disease. a small insect. a dangerous bird. a small animal.		÷
2. Из четыр	рех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (I	D) выберите единственно пр	авильный:
	A. I'LL TEACH H	IIM A LESSON	
twelve sat by2th A distinguis you 5 pounds Sure! The man to boy took the 1 The sea8to She blushed	ed on a crowded bus  y the window, watching the old men and women star shed-looking gentleman swill you stand up and answered the boy, smiling. ook6out of his money and stood up at once at is7! — said o him. d and answered: you very much, but I can' _9!	the changing scenery and adding near him. 3 the boy: — If I your seat?  pocket and handed it to be.  the man to an elderly I	I4 the boy. The lady standing

. —10	_about that, Madam. You s	ee, I'm an old teacher. I have
The lady sat do	wn and asked the boy:	n11is too expensive!
— I say, Bob, I gave you?	nave you thanked the gentlema	an12 the 5 pounds he
1	(A) at (B) on	(C) in (D) for
2	(A) seeing not (B) not see	(C) not seeing (D) not to see
3		(C) talked to (D) said to
4	(A) will give (B) give	(C) gave (D) had given
5	(A) let me to have (B) let me have	(C) let me (D) let to have me
6	(A) five pounds note (B) a five-pounds note	<ul><li>(C) five-pound note</li><li>(D) a five-pound note</li></ul>
7	<u>-</u>	(C) your's (D) yours
8		(C) by (D) around
9	(A) so much (B) so many	(C) too many (D) a lot of
10	•	(C) Not worry (D) No worry
11	,	(C) Any (D) Anything
12.	<u>-</u>	(C) for (D) because
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# B. QUICK WORK

Last Wedne	esday Tom Smith received a le	tter from the local police. In the
letter he	1to call at the police	ce station. Tom wondered why
	y the police. Still he went to the	
		that his bicycle4
		in a small village four hundred
		his home6 Tom was
		ever expected 8 . It was
	when Tom was10	
		•
1.	(A) asked	(C) was asked
	(B) has been asked	(D) asks
	(=)	
2.	(A) was he wanted	(C) he was wanted
	(B) had he been wanted	(D) he wanted
		( )
3.	(A) said him	(C) told to him
<del></del>	(B) told	(D) told him
		. ,
4.	(A) had been found	(C) was founded
	(B) was found	(D) has been found
	,	. ,
5.	(A) was being picked up	(C) has been picked up
	(B) had been picked up	(D) picked up
	. ,	
6	(A) on train	(C) in train
	(B) by train	(D) with train
7.	(A) he had heard the news	(C) he had listened to the news
	(B) he listened the news	(D) he heard the news
		` '
8	(A) the bicycle found	(C) the bicycle to be found
	(B) the bicycle is found	(D) that the bicycle will be found
	. ,	
9	(A) twenty years ago	(C) in twenty years
<del> </del>	(B) twenty years later	(D) after twenty years
		. ,
10.	(A) a fifteen boy	(C) a boy of fifteen
	(R) a boy of fifteen years	(D) a fifteen-years-old boy

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#### **TEST 21**

1. Прочтите текст "What Happened to the Dinosaurs" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### WHAT HAPPENED TO THE DINOSAURS?

Science may never answer the most puzzling question. What killed these mighty creatures?

One of the most popular theories about the death of the dinosaurs is that the world just grew too cold for them. Indeed, for large, cold-blooded creatures, even a few nights of cold could spell death.

Not everyone agrees that a change in weather would have been enough to kill the dinosaurs.

The latest development in the debate amongst scientists about what killed the prehistoric dinosaurs is the suggestion that acid rain was the cause. Some geologists suggest that a large meteor hitting the earth at 65 kilometres per second would have led to strongly acidic rain falling all over the world. These geologists calculated that if an ice-rich meteor weighing 12.5 million billion kilograms, hit the Earth, it would shock-heat the atmosphere enough to produce huge amounts of nitrogen oxides. This would result, they say, in strongly acid rain around the world. If the meteor were travelling more slowly, or if it were more rock-like in structure, this strongly acid rain would be limited to a small area so that the world effect would be much less important. However, other groups of researchers have suggested that volcanoes, rather than meteors, could have produced these heavy doses of acid rain, but over a much longer period — over 10,000 years.

The idea of a great asteroid or comet crash is fascinating. But it would mean the dinosaurs would all have been killed within a very short time — perhaps over a few months or years. What if the dinosaurs did not die out so quickly? Many scientists think that the dinosaurs had started to die off millions of years before the end of the Cretaceous Period. And even more amazing, fossils have been found in the United States and southern China that might show dinosaurs lived long after they were supposed to have disappeared!

Could the death of the dinosaurs have been caused by their moving into new areas? Illness and disease can be carried by travelling animals. Is it possible that dinosaurs and other creatures died of terrible diseases caught from other animals?

If this was what ended the dinosaurs, does this mean there was no asteroid or comet crash? Some scientists think the dinosaurs might have been affected by such ΠO\_\_\_\_\_\_TEST 21

an object **from** outer space, but only when they were already in trouble. Ill and dying the dinosaurs might have looked up to see a fiery ball falling from the sky.

If so, it might just have sealed the dinosaurs' fate.

#### Вопросы к тексту:

- 1. Which of the following sentences best describes the main idea contained in the passage?
  - (A) Scientists know for sure that a sudden and unexpected event killed all the dinosaurs on the earth.
  - (B) There are several theories about the dinosaurs' death, but none of them can explain why they disappeared so suddenly from the earth's surface.
  - (C) Some of the theories about the dinosaurs' death **are** more fascinating than others, but none is certain.
  - (D) The dinosaurs' death can be explained if we combine two theories together.
- 2. What do some geologists think would happen if a large piece of ice-rich meteor hit the earth at great speed?
  - (A) A huge volcano would be formed.
  - (B) 12.5 million billion kg of nitrogen oxide would be produced.
  - (C) Strongly acidic rain would result all over the world.
  - (D) The heat would kill all living things in the area.
- 3. The geologists think that if a rocky meteor hit the earth it would
  - (A) have little effect on things living nearby.
  - (B) have very long-lasting effect.
  - (C) take a long time to have any effect.
  - (D) not have any important world-wide effects.
- 4. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) Volcanoes couldn't produce heavy doses of acid rain for a long time.
  - (B) The idea of a meteor would mean that the dinosaurs were killed within a few months or years.
  - (C) The dinosaurs had started to die off millions of years before the end of the Jurassic Period.
  - (D) The dinosaurs were cold-blooded that's why they liked cold weather.

5. The speed of the meteor that might have hit t	the earth was about
<ul><li>(A) 12.5 million kilometres per second.</li><li>(B) 85 kilometres per second.</li><li>(C) 65 hundred kilometres per second.</li><li>(D) 65 kilometres per second.</li></ul>	
6. Which of the following was not mentioned in	
<ul><li>(A) A large meteor could produce a strong</li><li>(B) A volcano could produce a strong at</li><li>(C) Fossils have been found in southern</li><li>(D) A comet might have hit the earth when the country is a strong at the country in the coun</li></ul>	cid rain.  Korea and some states.
3. Из четырех вариантов (A), (B), (C), (D) вы	берите единственно правильный:
A. WHO STOLE V	WHAT?
One evening I1home2 of London3 man stopped me and got4 the car beside me5I drove I suddenly reme7 in the popular newspapers, desc murderers. I8 suspicious of the man10 in my pocket for my gold w11! So the newspapers were right at Luckily, I12 a pistol in the car. matter. Stopping the car I quickly13 into the man's ribs I14 give1 It was16 to see the man's react All trembling and shaking, he handed me the ordered. He rushed17 car and ran Proud of my presence of mind I drove undressing to go to bed and suddenly I you think I 20 there? My watch when there? My watch when in the car is a finite ordered. The car and suddenly I there? My watch when in the car is a finite ordered. The car and suddenly I there? My watch when in the car is a finite ordered. The car and suddenly I there? My watch when	embered6headlines I be ribing the activities of thieves and an sitting9  Watch, and, sure enough, the watch of the rall!  It was not loaded, but that did notthe pistol. Pushing the pistol of the pistol. Pushing the pistol of the watch. "Now, get out, quick!" I like a rabbit.  The many dressing table. What do nich I1 on!
1(A) drived (B) was driving	(C) had driven (D) had been driving
2(A) along (B) over	(C) at (D) to

3	(A)— (B) A	(C) The (D) Some of
4	(A) of (B) on	(C) to (D) into
5.	(A) Since (B) For	(C) As (D) As soon as
6	(A) all <b>(B) any</b>	(C) all the (D) —
7	(A) have recently seen (B) recently saw	(C) have recently been seen (D) had recently seen
8	<ul><li>(A) began feel</li><li>(B) began to feel</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) has begun to feel</li><li>(D) had begun to feel</li></ul>
9	(A) next to me (B) at me	(C) next me (D) near to me
10.	<ul><li>(A) was feeling</li><li>(B) fell</li></ul>	(C) had felt (D) felt
11.	(A) disappeared (B) had disappeared	<ul><li>(C) was disappeared</li><li>(D) has disappeared</li></ul>
12.	(A) had (B) have had	(C) had had (D) have got
13	<ul><li>(A) have taken out</li><li>(B) was taken out</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) was taken out</li><li>(D) took out</li></ul>
14	(A) ordered his to (B) ordered him to	<ul><li>(C) ordered him</li><li>(D) ordered to him to</li></ul>
15	(A) the watch me (B) to me the watch	<ul><li>(C) me the watch</li><li>(D) the watch</li></ul>
16	(A) amused (B) amusing	(C) amusingly (D) amusable
17.	(A) out of (B) of	(C) out (D) off

18	(A) Sometimes	(C) Sometime
	(B) Some times	(D) Some time
19.	(A) looked for	(C) looked after
	(B) looked at	(D) looked into
20	(A) saw	(C) had seen
	(B) was seeing	(D) was seen
21	(A) forgot	(C) had forgotten
	(B) have forgotten	(D) was forgetting
B. PS	SYCHOLOGY IS THE SCIENC	E OF THE FUTURE
was a good shop were3t it and refused to I "4", here. He will And indeed, a cup to the horse ar Immediately th "7n it's the science of	with2best toys. The shop, when Frank saw a waleave the shop.  said <b>a</b> shop assistant to the property of the shop as a shop assistant to the property of the shop as a shop as	her's hand and went out. , said Mr Wilson. "Now I think eman tell you, Frank?"
1	(A) five-years-old son (B) five-year-age son	<ul><li>(C) five-year-old son</li><li>(D) five-year son</li></ul>
2		(C) little (D) many of
3	(A) nearly to leave (B) about to leave	(C) nearly leave (D) about leaving
4	(A) No worry (B) Not to worry	(C) Not worry (D) Don't worry
5	(A) make the child obey (B) do the child to obey	<ul><li>(C) make the child to obey</li><li>(D) make the child obeying</li></ul>

<sup>5</sup> Англ. яз. Письменный экзамен

6	(A) any	(C) a few
0	(B) some of the	(D) few
	(b) some of the	(D) ICW
7	(A) I am not thinking	(C) I haven't thought
/ ·		
	(B) I never think	(D) I don't think
AH - AL , AH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(C)
8	(A) don't get off	(C) not to get off
	(B) won't get off	(D) didn't get off
3. Выполни	те <b>письменно</b> следующее задани	ie: region (a)
Write a short p	paragraph (10-12 sentences) abou	tt an interesting British, American or
Russian tradit	ion	Hart Korolina olega ili bala sa
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TEST 21

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#### **TEST 22**

1. Прочтите текст "Future King Joins Trade Union" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### **FUTURE KING JOINS TRADE UNION**

It has recently been reported that Prince Charles, Prince of Wales and heir to the throne of the United Kingdom, has joined a trade union. He has become a member of the trade union for writers, the Society of Authors. Prince Charles, born in 1948, is the author of two books: *The Old Man of Lochnagar* and *A Vision of Britain*. The first book is a children's story in which a mysterious old man haunts the mountain of Lochnagar in Scotland. The second book has caused a lot of discussion. The matter is **the** Prince of Wales is an advocate of more traditional architecture and would like to witness a return to the principles of classical architecture. It's only natural that the architectural establishment has been angered with his views.

Isn't it strange that a millionaire of royal blood chose to join the trade union? Of course, he can expect some legal services as a member of the Society of Authors. His Union could help him to check the contracts with publishers in order to make sure that he is treated fairly. He might use the Society's photocopying equipment a little cheaper. If he fell on hard times, he could get financial help from the trade union.

Mark le Fanu, General Secretary of the Society of Authors, which was founded in 1884 but became an official trade union only in 1978, is happy to welcome the Prince to the membership of the Union. He thinks it's unlikely that the Prince will ever need the Union's legal services. But he is sure that applying for membership the Prince displays a true interest in writing.

The Prince doesn't overestimate his own literary talents. However, the critics say, that unlike many other famous people, the Prince of Wales wrote every word of his books himself.

The Prince of Wales is not the only and the first notable personage — member of the Society. Such writers as Graham Greene and George Bernard Shaw have also been members. A number of people who are better known for their public standing than for their writing have been members too. Among these is Sir Winston Churchill, the former British Prime Minister, who was really talented with his pen. The Society unites 5000 members and many modern politicians are also applying for membership being novelists or thriller writers.

#### Вопросы к тексту:

- 1. Which of the following sentences best describes what this passage is about:
  - (A) Prince Charles rejected the proposal to join the trade union for writers.
  - (B) The Prince of Wales first rejected the proposal to join the trade union for writers but then changed his mind.
  - (C) The Prince of Wales applied for membership and joined the trade union for writers.
  - (D) Prince Charles even doesn't think ofjoining a trade union.
- 2. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) The Prince is modest about his own literary talents.
  - (B) The Prince thinks highly of his own literary talents.
  - (C) The Prince is sure he is one of the most famous writers in the world.
  - (D) The Prince has never tried to estimate his own literary talents.
- 3. Which of the following was not mentioned in the text?
  - (A) The Prince's children are happy that the Prince has joined the trade union.
  - (B) It's unlikely that the Prince will ever need to take advantage of the Union's legal services.
  - (C) Mark **le Fanu** is happy to welcome the Prince to his membership in the Society.
  - (D) The Prince has become a member of the Society of Authors.
- 4. As a member of the Society of Authors the Prince can expect:
  - (A) advertising of his books.
  - (B) meetings with his readers arranged by the Union.
  - (C) legal services, such as checking his contracts with publishers.
  - (D) regular salary as a writer and member of the Union.
- 5. The book entitled A Vision of Britain has caused a lot of controversy because:
  - (A) Prince Charles has a strong distaste for classical architecture.
  - (B) Prince Charles is an advocate of classical architecture and would like to see a return to its principles.

	itectural establishment.	on modern architecture and shares views of
(D) Prince	ce Charles supports ever	ry idea of modern architects.
6. The critics say	y that	
(B) his w (C) he co nam	rife and his mother help	very well known writers and used his
2. Из четырех ва	риантов (A), (B), (C),	(D) выберите единственно правильный:
This was Spencer Commons in 18 businessman. Bell5ban8businessman.	Perceval who3ingham was angrykrupt. He6	but only one British Prime Minister.  2in the lobby of the House of was John Bellingham, a bankrupt4the government because heand7in prison while he recval9almost immediately a week.
1	(A) was shot	(C) has been shot
	(B) have been shot	(D) are shot
2.	(A) is shot	(C) was shot
	(B) were shot	(D) have been shot
3.	(A) murder	(C) murderer
<del></del>	(B) adviser	(D) partner
4.	(A) with	(C) on
	(B) for	(D) about
5	(A) go	(C) had gone
	(B) goes	(D) had been gone
6.	(A) has arrested	(C) arrested
	(B) has been arrested	(D) was arrested

(D) is

(B) will not be

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	(A) oneself	(C) yourself	
	(B) himself	(D) self	
			TERR
10	(A) heavy	(C) heavily	
	(B) hard	(D) hardly	
И		(C) at 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
	(B) on	(D) from	
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12.	(A) move	(C) moved	
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#### **TEST 23**

1. Прочтите текст "The Pilgrims" и выберите единственно правильный ответ.

#### THE PILIGRIMS

The Pilgrims were puritans, that is to say, people of England who objected to the form of religious feelings shown to God and religious services used in the Church of England. King James punished all who refused to follow laws and traditions of the Church of England and to give money to support it. These people had to leave their country and went to Holland trying to find religious freedom there. But they were not allowed to own land in Holland and, besides, they did not want their children to grow up and become Dutch-speaking people. They wanted to remain English; so, they soon returned to England with the idea of leaving for America. There, where the lands were still wild, they hoped to build homes for themselves and start a new life based on their own ideals of religious and civil rights. Pilgrim Fathers decided to form a colony that should be governed by just and equal laws, established by common agreement.

With the idea of a new England in America some of the strongest English people crossed the broad Atlantic on the little ship known as "The Mayflower". These people were independent and God-fearing. Some of them were also learned.

The departure of the Pilgrims from England marks a period in history.

Towards the end of November in 1620, this company of about a hundred persons, with Captain Miles Standish as their leader, landed on Cape Cod, not far from where Boston now is.

A short time after landing, they found a suitable place to live and, about Christmas, began to cut trees and build houses. Winter came on, and they were not prepared for difficult times. Many of them got ill and about half of them died. But those who survived did not give up; they were not easily discouraged by the difficulties.

In the spring and summer following that hard winter, their crops grew, and the colony became rich. They made friends with the Indians and were not afraid of them. At last, they felt sure that they had found the land that they had hoped to find so long. In the autumn, they decided to have a great holiday and to unite in giving thanks to God for everything they had received. They also invited the Indians, and all sat down together to celebrate the first Thanksgiving Day in America.

#### Вопросы к тексту

#### 1. This text tells us about

- (A) strong people from America who formed a colony not far from the place where Boston now is.
- (B) strong and determined people from England who did not share religious views of the Church of England and left for America to form there a new colony based on their own religious beliefs.
- (C) supporters of the Church of England who went to America to start their religion there.
- (D) a lot of English people who called themselves Pilgrims and who decided to leave for America because there was a lot of land there to cultivate and to grow crops.

#### 2. Pilgrims are

- (A) people from Holland who first came to England and then to America to find a better life there.
- (B) a group of English puritans who sailed to America to escape from the religious beliefs of the Church of England and to make a new kind of society based on their religious ideals and beliefs.
- (C) a group of Americans who shared the religious beliefs of the Church of **England** and started a colony to show their religious feelings to God.
- (D) European people who did not want for some reason to stay in Europe any longer.

#### 3. The Pilgrims decided to leave for America with the idea in their minds

- (A) to form a colony there which they wanted to base on equal religious and civil laws established by common consent.
- (B) to find some suitable settlements where they could live far away from the Church of England.
- (C) to travel about America and to learn much about it because many of them were educated people.
- (D) to share their knowledge of agriculture with the American Indians.

#### 4. They crossed the Atlantic

(A) in many boats that were badly equipped and many of them sank on their way to America.

122	TEST 23
	<ul><li>(B) on a big ocean liner that was very quick and comfortable.</li><li>(C) on a ferry-boat on which they also brought horses, tracks and a lot of other things.</li><li>(D) in a little sailing vessel, called "The Mayflower", which landed at the end of November 1620 on Cape Cod.</li></ul>
5. Sc	ome time after landing
-	<ul><li>(A) they grew crops and got very rich.</li><li>(B) they decided to return to England because winter came and they were not prepared for its difficulties.</li><li>(C) they found a place where they began to build houses and though that winter was severe and many of them died, those who had survived, grew crops next autumn, a year later, and became rich.</li><li>(D) they opened schools and hospitals in the Indian settlements.</li></ul>
6. T	he first Thanksgiving Day in America
	<ul> <li>(A) was arranged by Pilgrim settlers as a day of prayer for everything God had given them and where Indians were invited because they helped the Pilgrims to grow crops in that hungry winter of 1620 when the Pilgrims landed in those places.</li> <li>(B) was arranged by the Hollanders who came to America to find a better life.</li> <li>(C) was organised by the Americans who decided to thank God for the crops he had given them.</li> </ul>

the article, we would have to read it again.

prison and

(C) didn't understand

(D) had understood

from

(C) had escaped

(D) was escaped

1. The teacher said that if we\_

(A) has escaped (B) escaped

(A) wouldn't understand

the police were looking after him.

2. It was announced on the radio that a criminal\_

(B) don't understand

TEST 23\_\_\_\_\_\_\_123

3. These trousers looklong	g for a six-year-old boy.
(A) much (B) rather	(C) a lot (D) enough
4. Elizabeth II the Queen	of England for forty-six years.
(A) will be (B) had been	(C) is (D) has been
5. I don't know if heto the	e party tomorrow.
(A) comes (B) will come	<ul><li>(C) came</li><li>(D) was coming</li></ul>
6. The doctor told the parents	so nervous.
(A) not to be (B) do not be	(C) to be not (D) not be
7. My sister's invited you to her birthday	party,she?
(A) isn't (B) doesn't	(C) hasn't (D) didn't she
8. I wonder where her hol	iday last year.
<ul><li>(A) did she spend</li><li>(B) she did spend</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) spent she</li><li>(D) she spent</li></ul>
9. Therebad news on tele	vision nowadays.
<ul><li>(A) is too much</li><li>(B) are too many</li></ul>	<ul><li>(C) are too a lot of</li><li>(D) is a very little</li></ul>
10. If you want to save your money, don't	keepin the bank.
(A) it (B) they	(C) them (D) its
11. This dress isfashionable!	
(A) such (B) so	(C) much (D) a lot
12. No matter how hard he tried he could n	not make his doghis orders.
(A) obey (B) to obey	(C) obeying (D) obeyed

124 TEST 23 13. You have to arrive \_\_\_\_\_ the airport two hours before your flight leaves. (C) in (A) for (B) to (D) at 14. We didn't enjoy the play. — (A) I didn't too. (C) I did either. (D) Nor didn't I. (B) Neither did I. 15. Which song would you like to\_\_\_\_\_ (A) hearing (C) listen (B) listen to (D) listening all your complaints! 16. I'm so tired (A) off (C) in (B) of (D) with 17. If you want some more coffee, help\_\_\_\_ (A) yourself (C) you (B) myself (D) oneself 18. When I heard his story, I couldn't help (C) laughter (A) to laugh (D) laughing (B) laugh 19. I don't think she knows can save her. (A) what (C) whom (B) which (D) that 20. Alan said that was he had ever driven. (A) a very fast car (C) one of the fastest cars (B) one of the most fast (D) one of fastest cars 21. The Moscow Art Theatre in 1898 by K. Stanislavski and V. Nemirovich-Danchenko. (A) found (C) was finded (B) founded (D) was founded 22. The Browns are in Moscow. I saw them \_\_\_\_\_

(C) five minutes ago(D) five minutes before

(A) before five minutes

(B) since five minutes

(A) have offered (B) has been offered (D) has got an offer  24. Whatto do tonight?  (A) will you (C) do you (B) are you going (D) are you doing  25. I'd like  (A) you to help me (C) you helping me (B) that you help me (D) you help me  3. Выполните письменно следующее задание:  You have been asked to write a short review of your favourite TV programme. It published in your school (college) English language newspaper. Write 12-15 sen	23. By the way, Jack Brown	_a new job?
24. Whatto do tonight?  (A) will you (B) are you going  (C) do you (D) are you doing  25. I'd like (A) you to help me (B) that you help me (C) you helping me (D) you help me  3. Выполните письменно следующее задание:  You have been asked to write a short review of your favourite TV programme. If		(C) has offering
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TEST 23\_

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## ANSWERS

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    - Ask him to mag me up tomath.
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128\_\_\_\_\_ANSWERS

#### TEST 1

#### 1. A LETTER FROM LONDON

Dear Alice,

Hi! I'm on holiday in London. I am staving with my friend, Jane. She lives in the centre of London, near Hyde Park.

I have been here since Saturday and I have **already** done lots of things. I have visited the Tower of London, the British Museum and Madam Tussaud's.

I went to Madam Tussaud's on Monday. It was terrible. When I entered the Chamber of Horrors, I screamed.

Yesterday Jane and I went shopping. I wanted to buy some souvenirs. But while I was paving for a T-shirt, someone stole my bag. Luckily, I had already spent nearly all my money.

There are a lot of things I haven't done yet. I haven't been on a boat trip down the Thames yet, I haven't seen the Millennium Dome.

If the weather is fine tomorrow, I will go on a boat trip. I hope Jane will be able to keep me company.

I like London very much. I have never seen such a beautiful city. You must visit it some day.

I will be back in a week, so I will call you than.

Love,

Arm.

- 3. 1. (D) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (C) 8. (B) 9. (A) 10. (B) 11. (C) 12. ((D) 13. (A) 14. (D) 15. (A) 16. (D) 17. (C) 18. (B) 19. (D) 20. (A) 21. (A) 22. (B) 23. (A) 24. (C) 25. (D)
- 4. 1. At the age of 15 Jack London became a sailor.
  - 2. Ann is always late for her classes. Yesterday she was 10 minutes late for her English lesson.
  - 3. I won't be able to go to the theatre with you on Sunday. My cousin is coming and I'll have to meet her.
  - 4. Could you explain this rule to me once again?
  - 5. When we left the house, it had already stopped raining and the sun was shining brightly again.
  - 6. Nothing will make me leave the house in such nasty weather.
  - 7. What are you going to do tonight? I am going to the exhibition with Linda.
  - 8. Did you like the film? No, I didn't. Neither did I.
  - 9. Ask him to ring me up tonight.
  - 10. The Volga is much longer than the Thames.

ANSWERS\_\_\_\_\_\_129

#### TEST 2

#### 1. A FRIGHTFUL NIGHT

One dark night a young man was going home from the railway station. It was very late and there were very few people in the **streets**.

The young man was very nervous because he had never returned home so late. Suddenly he felt that somebody was following him. The young man thought that it was a robber and decided to walk as quickly as he could.

When he looked back he saw that the man was still following him. The young man turned into another street. The man turned into that street too. Now the young man was quite sure that the man was a robber.

The young man turned round and asked: "What do **vou** want? Why are you following me?" "I <u>am going</u> to see Mr Brown," said the man, "and the porter at the station told me: 'If you follow this young man, you will find **his** house easily, he lives next door to Mr Brown.""

- 3. 1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (D) 4. (B) 5. (C) 6. (A) 7. (C) 8. (A) 9. (C) 10. (A) 11. (D) 12. (A) 13. (B) 14. (B) 15. (C) 16. (C) 17. (D) 18. (A) 19. (C) 20. (D) 21. (A) 22. (D) 23. (C) 24. (A) 25. (D)
- 4. 1. We had to return (come back) home as we had missed the last train.
  - 2. I don't like horror films. Neither do I.
  - 3. Stop talking! I can't hear anything (can hear nothing).
  - 4. Do your parents make you wash up (wash the dishes)?
  - 5. Nobody ever tells me anything.
  - 6. What is the weather like today? It's cold, a strong wind is blowing.
  - 7. I wonder which of them has told (told) a lie.
  - 8. How long will it take us to get to Red Square?
  - 9. This dress is much more expensive than that one.
  - 10. We watched the children decorating (decorate) the New Year tree.

#### TEST 3

#### 1. A TRAVELLER'S TALE

It happened many years ago. I was in India. I was hunting there. Once I spent the whole day in the jungle. It had got completely dark when I decided to return to my camp. I was walking along a narrow path. Strange sounds were heard everywhere. On my right there was a river and on my left there was a thick tropical forest.

Suddenly I saw something terrible in the jungle on my left. Two green eyes were looking at me. It was a man-eating tiger, ready to spring on me.

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I knew that if I started to ran the tiger would catch me easily. As I could swim well I made <u>up</u> my mind to escape that way. I looked at the river on my right. There in the river was a huge crocodile. It was waiting for me with open jaws.

I fainted. A moment later I jumped to my feet again. What do you think I saw? The tiger was in the jaws of the crocodile.

Five years have passed since that time but I still remember every moment of that terrible night.

- 3. 1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (A) 8. (C) 9. (A) 10. (D) 11. (C) 12. (D) 13. (B) 14. (C) 15. (B) 16. (D) 17. (A) 18. (D) 19. (C) 20. (C) 21. (B) 22. (A) 23. (C) 24. (B) 25. (B)
- 4. 1. Have you read the book I gave you last week?
  - 2. I wonder why Sasha didn't phone me (didn't ring me up) last night.
  - 3. You'd better go to bed earlier.
  - 4. His elder sister is graduating from the University this year.
  - 5. I've been learning French for three years.
  - 6. You had to get up early yesterday, didn't you?
  - 7. Who does your son look like?
  - 8. Mary writes in English much better that she speaks it.
  - 9. Have you ever been to Germany? Yes, I was there a year ago.
  - 10. This time tomorrow we'll be swimming in the Black Sea.

#### TEST 4

#### 1. AN INTERVIEW WITH A POP STAR

- P: Our special guest in the studio today is Bob Bubble. Welcome to the show, Bob.
- B: Thanks. It's great to be here.
- P: You are only 21, but you have already sold 10 million records. How old were you when you wrote your first song?
- B: I was 15.
- P: Did you take vocal lessons when you were a kid?
- B: No, I didn't. My parents hoped that I would become a lawyer. So I sang and wrote my songs in secret late at night in my room, when everyone was sleeping. When my first album <u>appeared</u>, my parents were shocked. My father said that I had disappointed him.
- P: Is he still disappointed in you?
- B: No. I think he is proud of me.
- P: How many songs have **you** written?
- B: About 150.
- P: Bob, I know you don't have ( haven't got) much free time, but what do you usually do when you're not busy singing?

- B: Well, I am fond of windsurfing.
- P: One last question, Bob. Are you married?
- B: Not yet. I will get married only when I meet the girl of my dream.
- 2. 1. (B) 2. (D) 3. (C) 4. (D) 5. (B) 6. (C) 7. (D) 8. (B) 9. (A) 10. (A) 11. (C) 12. (B) 13. (B) 14. (C) 15. (A) 16. (D) 17. (A) 18. (B) 19. (C) 20. (A) 21. (C) 22. (D) 23. (B) 24. (B) 25. (B)
- **3.** 1. Most of all I like to read (I like reading) detective stories and science fiction.
  - 2. Have you ever been to Rome? Yes, I have. When were you there?
  - 3. I won't be able to go to the theatre with them tomorrow. Neither will I.
  - 4. It wasn't difficult to translate this article, was it? (The article wasn't difficult to translate, was it?) No, it wasn't.
  - 5. I live on the second floor of a five-storey(ed) block of flats.
  - 6. Do you know how many universities there are in Washington?
  - 7. Shakespeare was eighteen when he got married.
  - 8. It's difficult for me to learn poems by heart.
  - 9. The most popular hobby is collecting stamps.
  - 10. She said that she lived in Pushkin Street.

#### TEST 5

#### 1. THE SAILOR AND THE MONKEYS

Once a sailor came to South America. He had a lot of red woollen caps with him. He was going to sell them there. On his way to the nearest town he had to go through a forest in which there were a lot of monkeys in the trees.

At noon, when the sun was shining brightly in the sky, the sailor lav down on the grass to rest under a large tree. He took one of the caps out of his bag and put it on his head and almost immediately he fell asleep.

When he woke up he found that all the caps had disappeared. Suddenly he heard some strange noise over his head. He looked up and **saw** the trees full of monkeys and each monkey was wearing a red woollen **cap!** They had stolen all his red caps! The sailor began to shout and throw stones at them but the monkeys weren't going to give the red caps back. They were very pleased with themselves.

The sailor got very angry with **the** monkeys. He took off the cap which he had put on before going to sleep and threw it angrily on the ground: "If you keep my caps and don't want to give them back to me, you may take this one **too!**"

At the same moment all the monkeys took off the red caps and threw them on the ground.

The sailor took the caps, put them into the bag and went away.

3. 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (B) 9. (C) 10. (D) 11. (C) 12. (D) 13. (B) 14. (D) 15. (A) 16. (B) 17. (B) 18. (A) 19. (C) 20. (A) 21. (C) 22. (D) 23. (B) 24. (A) 25. (D)

- 4. 1. Can you hear anything? I'm listening very carefully but I can hear nothing (I can't hear anything).
  - 2. We didn't expect him to tell the truth.
  - 3. He always gives good advice but I don't always follow it.
  - 4. What time does the film begin? At 8.
  - 5. Did he have to stay at home? Yes, he did.
  - 6. This holiday has been celebrated in England since the 15th century.
  - 7. I haven't read this novel yet. Neither have I.
  - 8. There are a lot of historical and architectural monuments in Moscow.
  - 9. Has anybody seen him leave the room?
  - 10. If I were you I wouldn't argue with him.

#### TEST 6

#### 1. A SLEEPLESS NIGHT

One night I was alone at home with my ten-year-old daughter. She woke me up in the middle of the night: "Mum, mum! There is a man outside the house. He is watching me through the window!"

I looked out of the window. I could see the shape of a man outside. Who was he? What was he doing there?

"I must get to the telephone in the hall and telephone the police," I thought.

I went downstairs hardly daring to breathe, afraid that he **would** hear my movements. I reached for the telephone, lifted the receiver and dialled 999. The police answered and I explained what had happened. They said that they would come at once.

Soon a police car stopped in front of the house. I hurried downstairs and opened the front door. A police officer came in.

"What has happened?" he asked.

After listening to my story he went out, and after a while returned.

"It's all right," he said. "I have just seen that man. He is walking his dog. By the way, he lives in the house opposite.

- **3.** 1. (A) 2. (D) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (C) 6. (A) 7. (B) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (A) 11. (C) 12. (D) 13. (D) 14. (A) 15. (B) 16. (A) 17. (C) 18. (A) 19. (A) 20. (C) 21. (B) 22. (D) 23. (B) 24. (B) 25. (B) 26. (D) 27. (B) 28. (B) 29. (D) 30. (A)
- **4.** 1. I haven't seen her for ages. Has she changed much?
  - 2. It's a famous picture. It was painted by Turner.
  - 3. I won't be able to go to the country tomorrow. Neither will I.
  - 4. This money isn't mine. I can't take it.

- 5. Michael said that he had already looked through the morning papers.
- 6. He asked me not to tell anyone about it.
- 7. The text isn't difficult at all, is it? No, it isn't. It's very easy.
- 8. We didn't expect him to return so late.
- 9. How many rooms are there in your flat?— There are 3 rooms in our flat. Have you got a telephone? Yes, we have.
- 10. Do you know how many plays Shakespeare wrote? About 30.

#### TEST 7

#### 1. A CLEVER TRICK

It was a cold and stormy night. A traveller **was** riding a horse. It was raining cats and dogs and he was wet to the skin. He had been riding for a few hours before he could find an inn.

When he **entered** the inn he saw a lot of people there. They were sitting in front of the fire and there <u>wasn't</u> a seat left for him.

A good idea struck him. He called the waiter and said to him in a loud voice: "Boy, take a plate of oysters to my horse."

Everybody was surprised. The waiter put some oysters on the plate and went out. Naturally, the other people went out to see if the horse would eat the oysters.

A few minutes later the waiter <u>returned</u> with the news that the horse <u>had refused</u> to eat the oysters. When the other people returned they saw that the traveller was sitting comfortably in a chair. He was warming his feet beside the fire. And suddenly everybody realized why the traveller had ordered the **waiter** to take the oysters to the horse.

- **3.** 1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (A) 4. (D) 5. (B) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (C) 9. **(B)** 10. (C) **11.** (D) 12. (B) 13. (C) 14. (B) 15. (A) 16. P) 17. (B) 18. (A) 19. (A) 20. (B) 21. (D) 22. (B) 23. (D) 24. (D) 25. (A)
- **4.** 1. What will you be doing at four o'clock tomorrow?
  - 2. Shall I go shopping? No, you needn't.
  - 3. How long does it take you to get to school?
  - 4. I learned about it last week.
  - 5. I've been waiting for my sister for half an hour.
  - 6. What wonderful weather (we are having)! Let's go to the country.
  - 7. I didn't hear you come in.
  - 8. We've got little time (We haven't got much time). We'll have to take a taxi.
  - 9. Excuse me, could you repeat the last sentence?
  - 10. Last week I met an old friend of mine whom I hadn't seen for a few months.

#### TEST 8

#### 1. A SAD STORY

Three men came to New York. They arrived at a very large hotel and took a room there. Their room was on the forty-fifth floor.

In the evening the three men went to the theatre and came back to the hotel very late.

"I am very sorry," said the clerk of the hotel, "but our lifts **aren't** working tonight. If you don't want to walk upstairs to your room we will make beds for you in the hall."

"No, no," said one of the three men. "No, thank you. We **don't** want to sleep in the hall. We will walk up to our room."

Then he told his two friends, "It won't be easy to walk up to the forty-fifth floor, but I think I know how to make it easier. On our way to the room I will tell you some jokes. Andy will sing us some songs. Then Peter will tell us some interesting stories."

So they began to walk upstairs to their room. Tom told them many jokes, Andy sang some songs. At last they came to the thirty-fourth floor. They were tired and decided to have a rest.

"Well," said Tom, "now it is your turn, Peter." "I will tell you a sad story," said Peter. "We have left the key to our room in the hall."

3. 1. (B) 2. (B) 3. (C) 4. (A) 5. (D) 6. (C) 7. (C) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (B) 11. (A) 12. (B) 13. (C) 14. (D) 15. (B) 16. (B) 17. (B) 18. (A) 19. (C) 20. (D) 21. (D) 22. (B) 23. (C) 24. (C) 25. (A) 26. (A) 27. (D) 28. (C) 29. (A) 30. (B)

#### TEST 9

#### 1. THEY OVERDID IT

The London **police** were looking for a criminal who had robbed a bank. One day they caught him and took him to prison. But while they were taking photographs of him from the front, from the left, from the right, with a hat, without a hat — he suddenly attacked one of the policemen and ran **away**.

Then a week later the telephone rang in the police station and somebody said: "You are looking for Ben Jackson, aren't you?" — "Yes." — "Well, he was at Victoria Station an hour ago. He has **probably** left London by now."

The city police immediately sent four different photos of the robber to the railway police. All the trains were searched.

Less than two hours later they got a telephone call from a small town not far from London. "We have caught three of the men," they said happily, "and we hope to catch the fourth very soon."

3. 1. (D) 2. (D) 3. (A) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (C) 9. (B) 10. (A) 11. (C) 12. (B) 13. (D) 14. (A) 15. (B) 16. (D) 17. (C) 18. (A) 19. (D) 20. (B) 21. (A) 22. (B) 23. (C) 24. (B) 25. (A) 26. (B) 27. (C) 28. (A) 29. (D) 30. (C)

#### TEST 10

#### 1. CONVERSATION

Ann:Do you like travelling?

Bill:Yes, I like travelling very much. It is my hobby. I always take my camera with me and take pictures of everything that interests me: the ruins of ancient buildings, the sights of cities, views of mountains, lakes, valleys, waterfalls and even animals and birds.

Ann: What countries have you visited?

Bill: Well, I have been to Italy, Greece, Russia and India. Some day I will go to the United States. My cousin lives there. She has invited me several times already. When I have enough money, I will go to the States.

Ann:I have never been to any of these countries. When were you in Russia?

Bill:Two years ago.

Ann:Did you go there alone?

Bill:No, I went there with my father. We visited Moscow and St Petersburg, the most beautiful cities of Russia.

Ann: I have always wanted to travel to other countries, but I haven't had the opportunity. I went to Germany in my childhood, but I haven't been anywhere since then.

- 2. 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (C) 4. (D) 5. (C) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (A) 9. (D) 10. (A) 11. (D) 12. (B) 13. (B) 14. (D) 15. (A) 16. (B) 17. (B) 18. (C) 19. (A) 20. (D) 21. (B) 22. (B) 23. (D) 24. (C) 25. (A)
- **3.** 1. The Volga is the longest river in Europe, isn't it?
  - 2. Who is older, Olga or Mary? Olga is. She is 3 years older than Mary.
  - 3. Two months ago we got a flat in a new 16-storey(ed) block of flats on the 4th floor. There are 4 rooms, a kitchen, a bathroom and a small hall in our flat.
  - 4. I've got a lot of English books. You can take any of them.
  - 5. When my friend and I left the house (went out into the street), it was cold and a strong wind was blowing.
  - 6. Why didn't you go to school yesterday? I didn't feel well (I felt bad).
  - 7. My younger brother Mike likes to give advice to his friends.
  - 8. If we don't hurry up, we'll miss the train.
  - 9. The film was better than we had expected.
  - 10. My mother makes me do my morning exercises every day.

#### TEST 11

#### 1. THE CANTERVILLE GHOST

When Mr Hiram B. Otis, the American Minister, decided to buy Canterville Chase, everyone told him that it was a foolish thing to do. There was no doubt that a ghost lived in the house. Indeed, Lord Canterville himself mentioned (had mentioned) the fact to Mr Otis when they were discussing the sale.

"We haven't lived in the place ourselves," said Lord Canterville, "since the day when my grand-aunt was frightened by the ghost. It happened many years ago. My grand-aunt was dressing for dinner when she suddenly felt two skeleton hands being placed on her shoulders. The fright made her very ill, and she never really recovered."

"I don't believe in ghosts," said Mr Otis.

"I must tell you, Mr Otis, that the ghost has been seen by several living members of our family, as well as by the local priest."

"My Lord," said Mr Otis, "I want to buy this house. I come from a modem country where everything has its value in money. If there is such a thing as a ghost in Europe, an American will buy it."

Lord Canterville smiled: "There really is a ghost. It has been living (has lived) in the house for three centuries, since 1584 in fact. It always appears before the death of any member of our family."

"Well, so does the family doctor, no doubt, Lord Canterville."

A few weeks later Mr Otis and his family moved to Canterville Chase.

- 3. 1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (D) 6. (B) 7. (A) 8. (C) 9. (B) 10. (D) 11. (A) 12. (B) 13. (B) 14. (A) 15. (C) 16. (D) 17. (A) 18. (D) 19. (C) 20. (D) 21. (B) 22. (B) 23. (C) 24. (D) 25. (D)
- **4.** 1. This play is much spoken about. Have you seen it yet?
  - 2. You should have a rest. I'm not tired at all.
  - 3. My twelve-year-old daughter reads very little. I can't make her read more.
  - 4. He said that he had a lot of pen-friends all over the world.
  - 5. What were you doing at 8 o'clock yesterday? I was watching TV.
  - 6. Mr White wanted his son to become a doctor.
  - 7. If I were you I would fly there.
  - 8. Don't you know that the Browns have already left Moscow?
  - 9. She has (got) wonderful fair hair and blue eyes.
  - 10. I don't like his stories. Neither do I.

#### TEST 12

#### 1. THE WINCHESTER MYSTERY

One night Mrs Joyce Boweles was driving her car from Winchester to Chilcomb with a friend of the family, Mr Ted Pratt.

Suddenly they saw an orange light in the sky. The car started to shake and Mrs Bowels couldn't control it. Some unknown power lifted it, then pushed to the left, then stopped the engine and switched off the lights.

"It was then that we saw a cigar-shaped object about five yards long. There were three figures inside," said Mrs Bowles. The three figures were the crew of the UFO. Mrs Bowles said that she had never been so frightened before.

At first, the alien crew looked like ordinary people. They were wearing silver clothes. Then an alien came out of the UFO. He was quite tall and seemed to be about forty-five years old. He had long fair hair and a short beard. He put his arm on the roof of the car and looked at the two frightened people inside. He had clear, white skin and pink eyes. Mrs Bowles was afraid that the alien would kill them, but he only looked at the car's instuments. Suddenly the lights switched on automatically and they shone (were shining) four times brighter than normal. Mrs Bowles wanted to say "Thank you" but before she opened her mouth the UFO and its crew had already disappeared into the night.

- 3. 1. (D) 2. (C) 3. (A) 4. (C) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (C) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (C) 11. (A) 12. (C) 13. (D) 14. (C) 15. (A) 16. (D) 17. (C) 18. (A) 19. (B) 20. (D) 21. (A) 22. (B) 23. (C) 24. (A) 25. (D)
- **4.** 1. If you come at seven o'clock, you'll be able to see an interesting TV programme.
  - 2. Are you hungry? Yes, I am. I haven't had dinner yet.
  - 3. As soon as the new information is got, we'll ring you up.
  - 4. There will be a lot of shops in this street.
  - 5. Where is everybody hurrying? To the stadium.
  - 6. I've got a lot of records. You can take any of them.
  - 7. I've never been to a big city.
  - 8. My parents don't want me to become an actress.
  - 9. They are going to sell their house because they're moving to another town.
  - 10. She translates newspaper articles much better that you (do).

#### TEST 13

#### 1. MISS EVANS

One night in April 1912, a new ocean liner was crossing the Atlantic. It had set **out** two days before and was going to New York. It was the largest and fastest ship in the world called *Titanic* 

The passengers were having a good time when the ship suddenly hit an iceberg.

Everyone was told to come out of their rooms. Unfortunately there were not enough lifeboats for all the passengers.

There was not very much time left. The iceberg was on one side of the ship. It looked like a high, white wall.

A woman came to the side of the ship. Her two children were in one of the lifeboats, and she was very much afraid.

"My children are in the lifeboat. I must go with them!" the woman called to the people in the lifeboat.

"There's no more room," someone called out. "If we take one more, the lifeboat will sink." There was a young woman in the lifeboat called Miss Evans. When she heard the woman calling, she stood up in the lifeboat and touched one of the men on the arm.

"Let me get back to the ship," she said. "This woman must be with her children."

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"The ship is sinking. Very soon it will go down under the water," said the man.
"I know it," said Miss Evans.

People helped her to get back on the ship. Very soon after that there was a great noise, and the *Titanic* went down under the water.

- 3. 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (A) 4. (B) 5. (D) 6. (C) 7. (D) 8. (A) 9. (C) 10. (A) 11. (A) 12. (D) 13. (D) 14. (A) 15. (B) 16. (A) 17. (C) 18. (B) 19. (B) 20. (D) 21. (B) 22. (B) 23. (A) 24. (C) 25. (D)
- 4. 1. Parents want their children to be kind and honest.
  - 2. John speaks neither German nor French.
  - 3. What are you going to do tonight? I haven't decided yet.
  - 4. I am very sorry but I can't accept your invitation. I have so much work (to do)!
  - 5. Have you got any relatives in St Petersburg? Yes, I have. My cousin lives there.
  - 6. Where is the money? It's on the table.
  - 7. What language is she speaking? I can't understand anything. (I can understand nothing.)
  - 8. Nothing could make us go out in such rainy weather.
  - 9. The Severn is much longer than the Thames, isn't it?
  - 10. If I were you I wouldn't buy this suit.

#### **TEST 14**

#### 1. AN INTERVIEW FOR A JOB

On Wednesday I had an important interview for a job. I got up at 7 o'clock in the morning and shaved carefully. I put on my best jacket and trousers. I had to travel by train, so I walked to the station.

On my way I saw a man who was painting his fence with red paint. The man didn't notice me: he was looking at the fence. Then he turned suddenly and splashed my beautiful trousers! The man apologised to me, but the damage had already been done.

"If I go home, I will be late for the interview," I thought. There was a department store not far from the station, so I decided to buy a new pair.

I found a nice pair of trousers and since I was in a hurry, I decided to change on the train. The shop was full, so I paid hurriedly for my trousers, took my shopping bag and left. I arrived at the station just in time to catch the train. Now I was sure that I wouldn't be late for the interview. I smiled happily at an elderly lady who was staring at my trousers and went to the toilet to change. I threw my stained trousers out of the window. Then I opened the bag to get my new ones, but all I found was a pink woollen sweater!

**3.** 1. (A) 2. (A) 3. (C) 4. (D) 5. (A) 6. (C) 7. (C) 8. (D) 9. (B) 10. (B) 11. (B) 12. (A) 13. (A) 14. (C) 15. (C) 16. (B) 17. (D) 18. (C) 19. (D) 20. (C) 21. (D) 22. (A) 23. (C) 24. (C) 25. (D)

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#### **TEST 15**

#### 1. GOOD LUCK, CARL!

Carl Osbourne lives in Glasgow. He ought to be in *The Guinness Book of Records* because he has had a terrible time this year.

The trouble started one fine morning at the beginning of January when Carl found that his car had disappeared from his garage. He hasn't seen it since that time!

In February he bought a new car, but he hadn't had it for more than two weeks when he crashed into a lamp-post.

Three days ago Carl sat on a seat that had been painted only a few minutes before. He was wearing a brand-new suit that he had bought only the previous week.

In the summer Carl spent his holiday at the seaside. When he arrived home, he <u>discovered</u> that his house <u>had been broken into</u>. His television and video-recorder <u>had</u> disappeared.

Now poor Carl doesn't know what he has done to deserve this bad luck. He just hopes that his luck will change soon.

- 2. 1. What doesn't she like?
  - 2. What fell on the floor?
  - 3. Where did you use to live?
  - 4. How long has he been studying?
  - 5. When did you see *Dracula?*
  - 6. Who will you have to borrow 10 pounds from?
  - 7. Why are there a lot of words of French origin in English?
  - 8. Where do you think he is now?
  - 9. What is the British national flag called?
  - 10. What was the weather like yesterday?
- 3. (C) 2. (B) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (B) 8. (A) 9. (D) 10. (B) 11. (B) 12. (C)
- 4. (B) 2. (D) 3. (B) 4. (B) 5. (A) 6. (A) 7. (C) 8. (C) 9. (C) 10. (D)

#### **TEST 16**

- 1. A. RUSSIA'S FIRST SURGEON
  - 1. (D) 2. (A) 3. (D) 4. (B) 5. (B) 6. (C) 7. (D) 8. (A) 9. (C) 10. (D) 11. (A) 12. (C) 13. (B) 14. (A) 15. (D) 16. (A) 17. (C) 18. (B) 19. (D) 20. (B)
  - B. A VISIT TO A CONCERT

1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (D) 4. (D) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (B) 8. (D) 9. (C) 10. (A)

- 2.1. Who was penicillin discovered by?
  - 2. Why didn't he see the end of the film?
  - 3. What was the weather like yesterday?
  - 4. How many hamburgers are eaten in the United States?
  - 5. Where do you think he is?

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- 2. When did Ann come back from London?
- 3. Why did he have to borrow some money?
- 4. How long have they been quarrelling?
- 5. Who leads an adventurous life?
- 6. What kind of film did you see yesterday?
- 3. 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (C) 4.(D) 5. (D) 6. (D) 7. (A) 8. (C) 9. (B) 10. (B)

#### **TEST 17**

- 1. A. JACK JAMEISON
  - 1. (A) 2. (B) 3. (C) 4. (B) 5. (A) 6. (C) 7. (B) 8. (A) 9. (C) 10. (A) 11. (C) 12. (D) 13. (D) 14. (B) 15. (A) 16. (A) 17. (D) 18. (A) 19. (B) 20. (C)
  - B. A TALKATIVE LADY
    - 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (A) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (D)
- 2. 1. Who does this house belong to?
  - 2. When did your company move into a new office?
  - 3. Where did you use to go on Friday nights?
  - 4. Where is Marion from?
  - 5. How long has Linda been watching TV?
  - 6. Why won't Dick be able to join us tomorrow?
  - 7. Who usually works till 6 o'clock?
  - 8. How many cars has Paul got?
  - 9. How well does she speak English?
  - 10. When will the article be translated?
- 3. 1. (C) 2. (D) 3. (A) 4. (C) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (A) 8. (D) 9. (C) 10. (A)

#### **TEST 18**

- 1. A STORY ABOUT FORKS
  - 1. (B) 2. (D) 3. (C) 4. (C) 5. (A)
- 2. 1. (C) 2. (D) 3. (C) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (C) 7. (B) 8. (B) 9. (C) 10. (D) 11. (A) 12. (D) 13. (B) 14. (C) 15. (C) 16. (A) 17. (B) 18. (B) 19. (D) 20. (A) 21. (D) 22. (C) 23. (B) 24. (B) 25. (A)
- 3. 1. Health and happiness are more important than money.
  - 2. I've been waiting for you since nine o'clock in the morning. Why are you always late?
  - 3. I don't like tea with sugar. But I do.
  - 4. I've just read a very funny book. I can give it to you if you want (like).
  - 5. He doesn't even open the textbook. I wonder if he will pass the exam.
  - 6. Don't you know that water boils at 100 °C?
  - 7. When will this article be published?
  - 8. When I returned home my parents were already sleeping.

- 9. It was the cheapest hotel we could find.
- 10. If I were you I would use the dictionary much more often.

#### **TEST 19**

- 1. HEALTH TIPS FOR TRAVELLERS
  - 1. (D) 2. (B) 3. (C) 4. (B) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (C) 8. (C)
- 2. **A.** 1. (B) 2. (B) 3. (A) 4. (B) 5. (C) 6. (A) 7. (D) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (C) 11. (C) 12. (A) B. 1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (D) 4. (B) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (D) 8. (C) 9. (A) 10. (A)

#### **TEST 20**

- 1. ACID RAINS
  - 1. (B) 2. (D) 3. (D) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (D) 7. (D) 8. (B)
- 2. A. 1. (C) 2. (D) 3. (D) 4. (B) 5. (B) 6. (D) 7. (D) 8. (B) 9. (A) 10. (B) 11. (B) 12 (C) B. 1. (C) 2. (C) 3. (D) 4. (A) 5. (B) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (C) 9. (A) 10. (C)

#### **TEST 21**

- 1. WHAT HAPPENED TO THE DINOSAURS?
  - 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (D) 4. (B) 5. (D) 6. (C)
- 2. A. 1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (B) 4. (D) 5. (C) 6. (C) 7. (D) 8. (B) 9. (A) 10. (D) 11. (B) 12. (A) 13. (D) 14. (B) 15. (C) 16. (B) 17. (A) 18. (D) 19. (B) 20. (A) 21. (C) B. 1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (B) 4. (D) 5. (A) 6. (C) 7. (C) 8. (A)

#### TEST 22

- 1. FUTURE KING JOINS TRADE UNION
  - 1. (C) 2. (A) 3. (A) 4. (C) 5. (B) 6. (D)
- 2. A. 1. (B) 2. (C) 3. (C) 4. (A) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (A) 8. (B) 9. (D) 10. (A) B. 1. (C) 2. (A) 3. (B) 4. (B) 5. (C) 6. (D) 7. (D) 8. (A) 9. (B) 10. (B) 11. (A) 12. (A)

#### TEST 23

- 1. THE PILGRIMS
  - 1. (B) 2. (B) 3. (A) 4. (D) 5. (C) 6. (A)
- 2. 1. (C) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (D) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (C) 8. (D) 9. (A) 10. (A) 11. (B) 12. (A) 13. (D) 14. (B) 15. (B) 16. (B) 17. (A) 18. (D) 19. (A) 20. (C) 21. (D) 22. (C) 23. (B) 24. (B) 25. (A)

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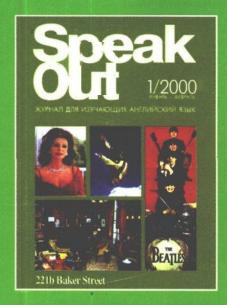
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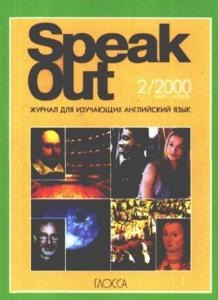
Издательская лицензия ИД №06088 от 19 октября 2001 г. Подписано в печать 20.09.2002. Формат 84x108¹/<sub>16</sub> Печать офсетная. Печ. л. 9,0 п.л. Тираж 20 000 экз. Заказ 4948.

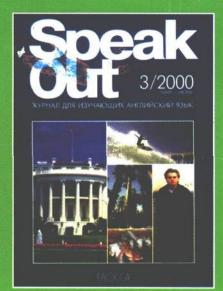
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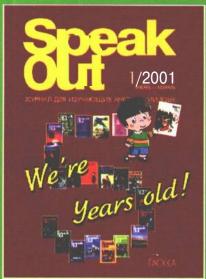
Отпечатано на Ордена Трудового Красного Знамени ГУП Чеховский полиграфический комбинат Министерства Российской Федерации по делам печати, телерадиовещания и средств массовых коммуникаций 142300 г. Чехов Московской области Тел. (273) 71-336, факс (273) 62-536

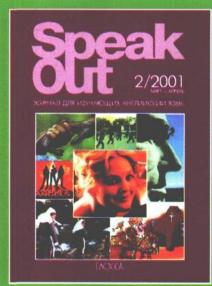
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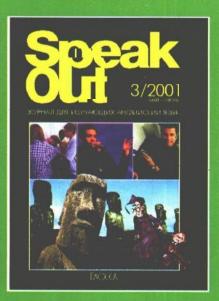












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В издательстве:

Москва, Уланский пер., д. 13, строение 2. Тел. 8-903-150-89-18

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